# **Crafting Incentives, Developing Policies, and Building Consumer Awareness**

- Moderator
  - Charles Knutson, Senior Policy Advisor, Office of Governor Jay Inslee
- Speakers:
  - Janea Scott, Vice Chair, California Energy Commission
  - David Bauer, Senior Manager of Government Affairs, Hyundai Motors
  - J.R. DeShazo, Ph.D., Director, Luskin Center for Innovation, UCLA





# Crafting Incentives, Developing Policies, and Building Consumer Awareness

Janea Scott, Vice Chair, California Energy Commission







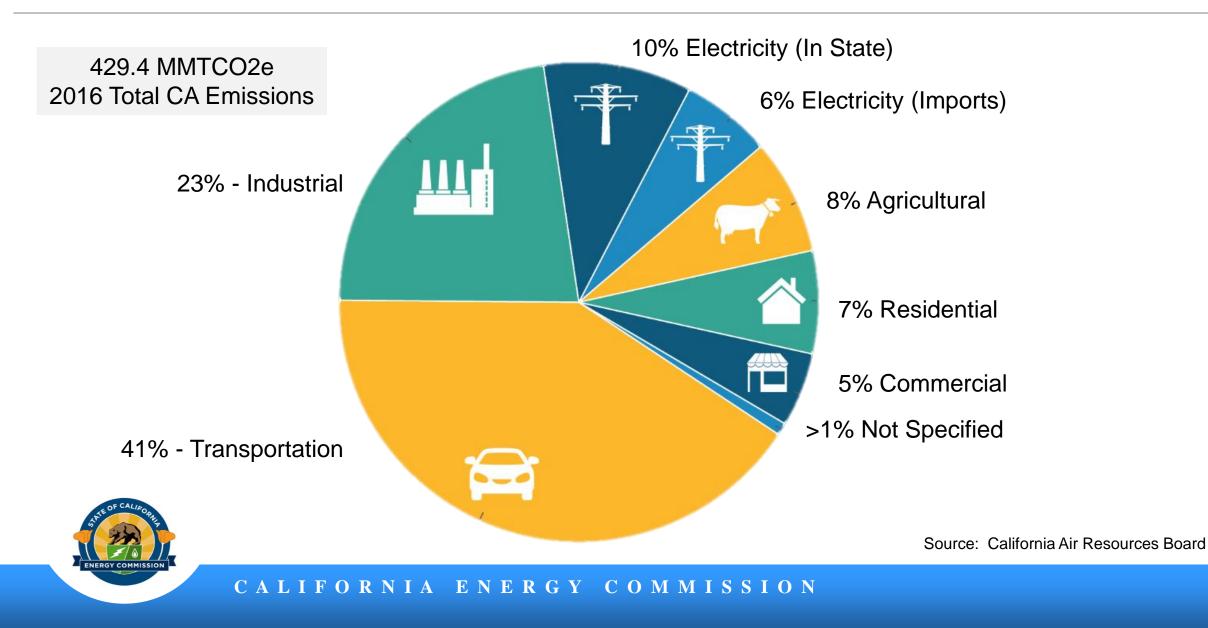
# Decarbonizing California's Transportation Sector

National Governors Association West Regional Transportation Electrification Workshop

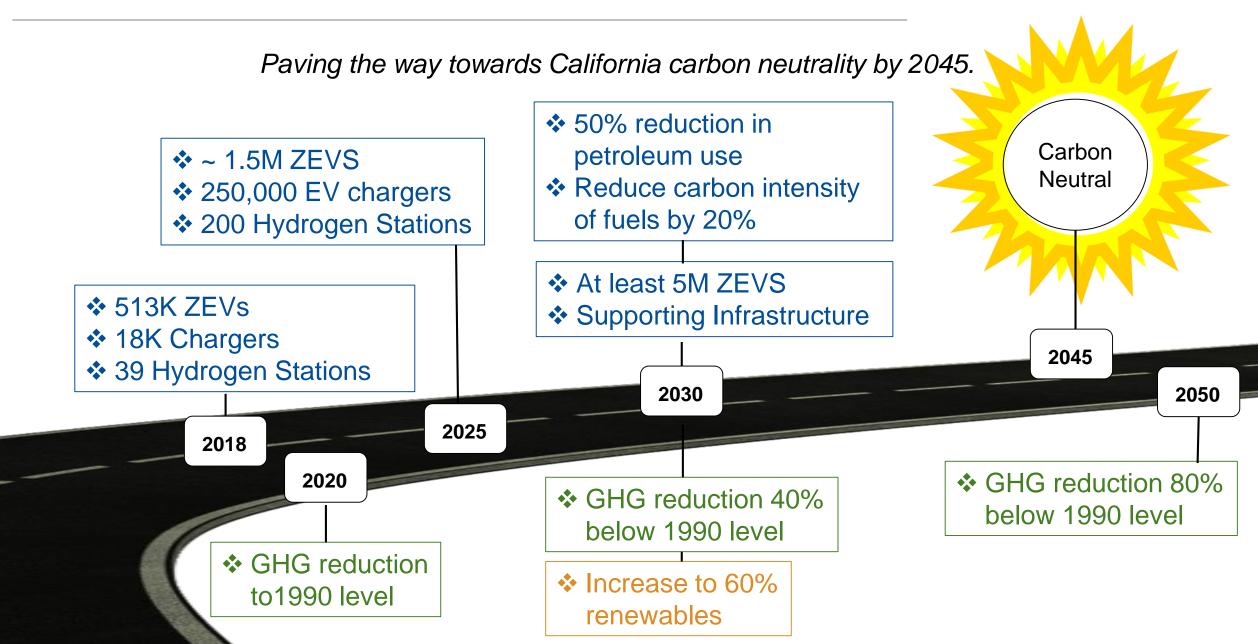
> Janea A. Scott California Energy Commission April 4, 2019



# **Background: California's GHG Emissions by Sector**

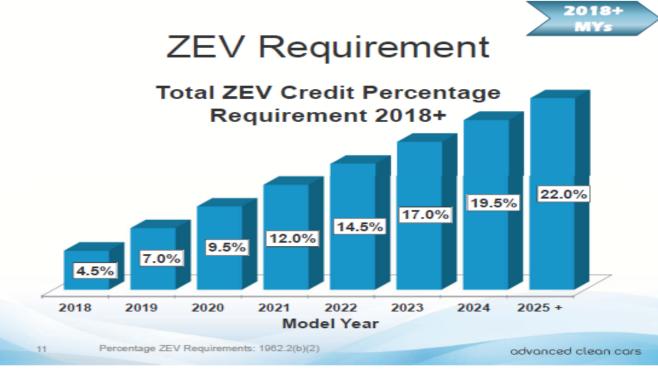


## **Policies: California's Low Carbon and Zero-Emissions Targets**



# **Regulations: California's Zero-Emission Vehicle Mandate**

**California's ZEV Mandate:** Requirement for auto manufactures to produce a number of ZEVs and plug-hybrids each year based on the total numbers of vehicles sold by each manufacture.





Credits = vehicle sales x credits per vehicle\* \*Per vehicle credit based on vehicle range (longer range battery gets higher credit)

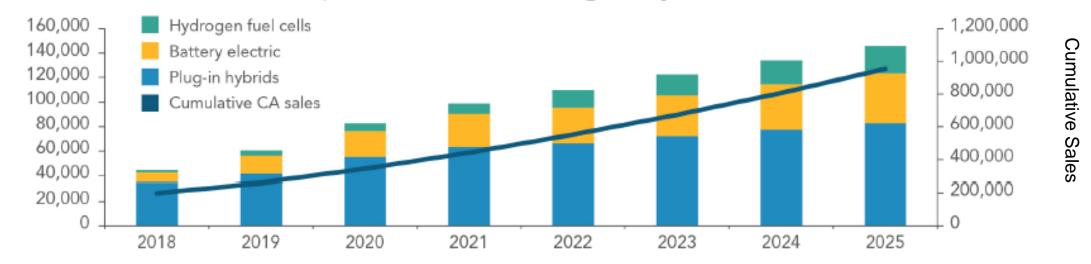


Source: CARB

#### CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION

## **Regulations: California's Zero-Emission Vehicle Mandate**

### Minimum Expected ZEVs and Plug-In Hybrids in California





Annual Sales

Source: CARB

CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION

# **Incentives: California Invests in Transforming Transportation**

<u>California's Cap-and-Trade Program</u>: Sets statewide emission limits on sources responsible for greenhouse gases and creates incentives to reduce greenhouse gas emissions below allowable levels. Proceeds are invested in programs and projects that further the state's climate goals. Over the past 5 years over \$1.2 B has gone to low carbon transportation investments.

### **State Investment Programs:**

# Low Carbon Transportation Program (Cap and Trade)

- \$455 M for vehicle incentives, transportation equity projects, and heavy duty pilots

### **Air Quality Improvement Program**

- \$28 M for transportation projects that reduce criteria pollutants

# Alternative and Renewable Fuel and Vehicle Technology Program

- \$100 M annually to support low-carbon fuels and advanced vehicle technologies

### **School Bus Replacement Program**

-\$75 M to replace oldest and most polluting school buses



# Infrastructure: Energizing an EV Infrastructure Network

### The California Energy Commission is California's lead agency for ZEV infrastructure planning

- Since 2009, CEC has invested nearly \$95 million to install 9,655 charging connectors in California.
  - residential, multifamily, public, corridor, fleet, workplace, corridor/urban metro
- Targeted incentives to address specific regions' EV charging needs.
- Modeling for the quantity and types of charging infrastructure needed at local level.
- California State Legislature had directed the Energy Commission to:
  - Conduct a statewide assessment of ZEV infrastructure need to meet state ZEV goals.
  - Ensure equitable deployment of ZEV infrastructure.







## Infrastructure: Spurring the Development of a Robust Charging Network

#### **Electric Utility Investments:**

**Investments in PEV Infrastructure -** \$2 B requested with over \$1 B approved to date

#### **Other Investments:**

**Volkswagen Infrastructure Settlement -** \$800 M over 10 years for ZEV investments through Electrify America (Appendix C)

Evgo - \$100 M in electric vehicle infrastructure

**New Energy and Industrial Technology Development Organization** *Installation of 55 DCFC* 

**Air Districts -** *Providing incentives ranging from* \$2,000 – \$25,000 *for charging infrastructure* 

Tesla – Installation of over 3,500 charging stations









# Thank You!

Janea A. Scott California Energy Commission Janea.Scott@energy.ca.gov





# Crafting Incentives, Developing Policies, and Building Consumer Awareness

David Bauer, Senior Manager of Government Affairs, Hyundai Motors







Hyundai Motor Company Presentation to the West Regional Transportation Electrification Workshop: National Governors Association

**Charter Hotel, Seattle WA** 





- Hyundai Motor America established in 1986
- Hyundai Motor Company is part of the 5<sup>th</sup> Largest Auto Group in the World by sales volume
- American HQ in Fountain Valley, California
- R&D Center in Ann Arbor, MI and Chino, CA





### **National Market**



#### X NATIONAL SALES OVERVIEW



#### Co NEW VEHICLE SALES MARKET SHARE

#### January - December 2018

Several factors affect EV sales in different states: investment in infrastructure and consumer incentives; consumer awareness; consumer preference; and climate and geography. California and nine other states require that 8% to 10% of new vehicle sales be EVs in 2025.

#### **New Vehicle Sales**



Source: IHS Automotive Vehicle Registration Data





### **Overall New Car Sales Market: ZEVS**

#### TABLE - COMPARISION OF NEW VEHICLE SALES - BY PERCENTAGE

Jurisdiction	Electric Vehicle Market Share	AWD vs. 2WD Sales	Car vs. Truck Sales		
California	10.2%	27/73	47/53		
Western S177 States	6.0%	68/32	30/70		
Colorado	3.7%	75/25	26/74		
Oregon	6.3%	65/35	30/70		
Washington	8.1%	64/36	34/66		
Eastern S177 States	2.7%	67/33	31/69		
Connecticut	3.2%	74/26	33/67		
District of Columbia	6.3%	49/51	47/53		
Delaware	2.9%	55/45	34/66		
Massachusetts	3.5%	21/29	31/69		
Maryland	3.6%	51/49	37/63		
Maine	3.1%	78/22	22/78		
New Jersey	2.2%	64/36	36/64		
New York	2.6%	71/29	29/71		
Pennsylvania	2.3%	68/32	30/70		
Rhode Island	2.4%	68/32	22/67		
Vermont	3.8%	80/20	23/77		
All 50 States	3.4%	45/55	33/67		





## **Policy Incentives**

Rebates: Cash on the Hood

Exemption from vehicle inspection

Discount on toll prices

□ Reduced rates for EV charging

Tax credit for home charging installation

□ HOV lane access: Some "buy the sticker and get a car"

□ Workplace charging

□ Federal \$7,500 tax credit: Sustained funding = Consumer confidence

□ Equal treatment between BEV and FCEV = Consumers will choose

based on needs (climate, lifestyle)

Utilities: reduced rates based on time-of-usage

Don't forget about dealers....





**Company Incentives Require** 

Creativity



IONIQ UNLIMITED+







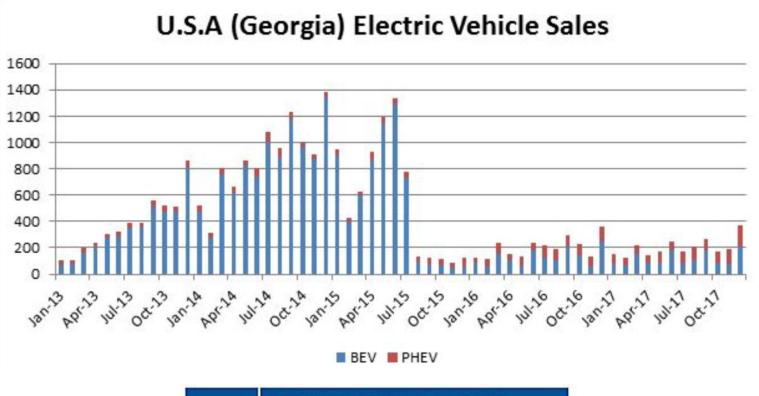
## Progress

State	EVs sold since 2011 (cumulatively)	ZEV target by 2025 (cumulatively)	Progress made toward target		
California	506,931	1,500,000			
Connecticut	10,805	154,000			
Maine	2,473	65,000			
Maryland	17,849	289,000			
Massachusetts	22,768	302,000			
New Jersey	25,776	635,000			
New York	46,645	843,000			
Oregon	21,384	133,000			
Rhode Island	1,948	43,000			
Vermont	3,324	35,000			

Note: Through December 2018



### Learning Curve: The story of Georgia



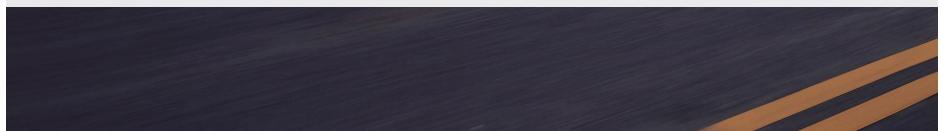
YEAR	BATTERY-RUN ELECTRIC VEHICLE REGISTRATIONS				
2014	9,948				
2015	6,259				
2016	1,522				
2017*	1,025				
	TO ATA FOR 2017 IS INCOMPLET				

\*DATA FOR 2017 IS INCOMPLETE SOURCE: IHS/POLK 20

Hyundai Washington Office



## **NEXO PRODUCT OVERVIEW**



## KONA ELECTRIC PRODUCT OVERVIEW



## 2019 Kona Electric

Best-in class range: 258mi

Advanced Hyundai SmartSense

**EV-Unique Features** 

Remote Charging via Hyundai Blue Link<sup>®</sup>

Smart Regenerative Braking System

AUT







# **THANK YOU!**



# Crafting Incentives, Developing Policies, and Building Consumer Awareness

J.R. DeShazo, Ph.D., Director, Luskin Center for Innovation, UCLA



# UCLA Luskin Center for Innovation

# The Benefits of Targeting and Tiering Clean Vehicle Rebates

J.R. DeShazo Director, UCLA Luskin Center for Innovation

# Why target and tier rebates

- Target income groups with different rebate levels
  - Rebates have larger incentive effect on lower income consumers—increase incremental purchases—so more cost effective: incremental vehicle sold per \$ spent
  - Achieves equity goals: largest % of rebates go to relatively lower income households
- Tier rebates by expected environmental benefits per sale—more cost effective: emissions reduced per \$ spent

### UCLA Luskin Center for Innovation

# Two Examples

1. New Car Rebate Program

# 2. Moderate & Low-income Clean Vehicle Program







# New Car Rebate Program (CA)

Annual household income must be at or below the income caps listed below.

\$150,000/single filers	Income Category	Vehicle Type			
\$204,000/head-of-	See income levels in Step 2 and 3	PHEV	BEV	FCEV	
household filers	Standard Rebate	\$1,500	\$2,500	\$5,000	
\$300,000/joint filers	Rebate for Lower-Income Consumers	\$3,500	\$4,500	\$7,000	

	Match Annual Income with Household Size							
Annual income limit for lower income households	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	35,640	48,060	60,480	72,900	85,320	97,740	110,190	122,670

For families/households with more than eight persons, add \$12,480 for each additional person. Based on 2016 Federal Poverty Guidelines.

The Benefits of Targeting and Tiering Clean Vehicle Rebates

# Moderate & Low-income Clean Vehicle Program (CA)

		Eight Years Old or Newer							
Income Eligibility Program		Conventional Vehicle 20+ MPG	Hybrid 20+ MPG	Hybrid 35+ MPG	Plug-In Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)	Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)	Alternative Transportation Mobility Options		
Low Income ≤ 225% FPL	Total	\$4,000	\$6,500	\$7,000	\$9,500	\$9,500	\$4,500		
Moderate Income 226% - 300% FPL	Total			\$5,000	\$7,500	\$7,500	\$3,500		
Above Moderate Income 301% - 400% FPL	Total				\$5,500	\$5,500	\$2,500		