

Governors' New Energy Policy Advisors Bootcamp

May 9 - 10, 2019

National Governors Association Center for Best Practices

WIFI

Network: LeMeridien_Meetings

Password: spg2019

#WeTheStates



Welcome & Opening Remarks

Sue Gander, Division Director, Energy, Environment & Infrastructure, National Governors Association

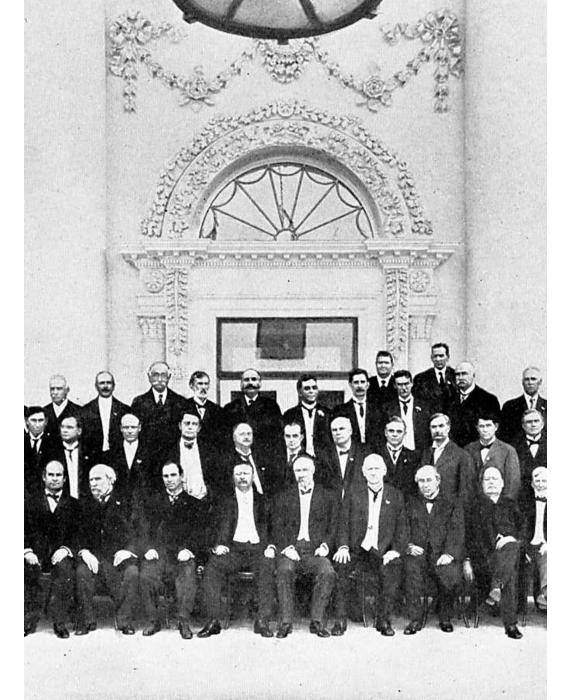
Dan Lauf, Energy Program Director, Energy, Environment & Infrastructure, National Governors Association

Anne Clement, Senior Legislative Associate, Natural Resources Committee, NGA Advocacy

#WeTheStates

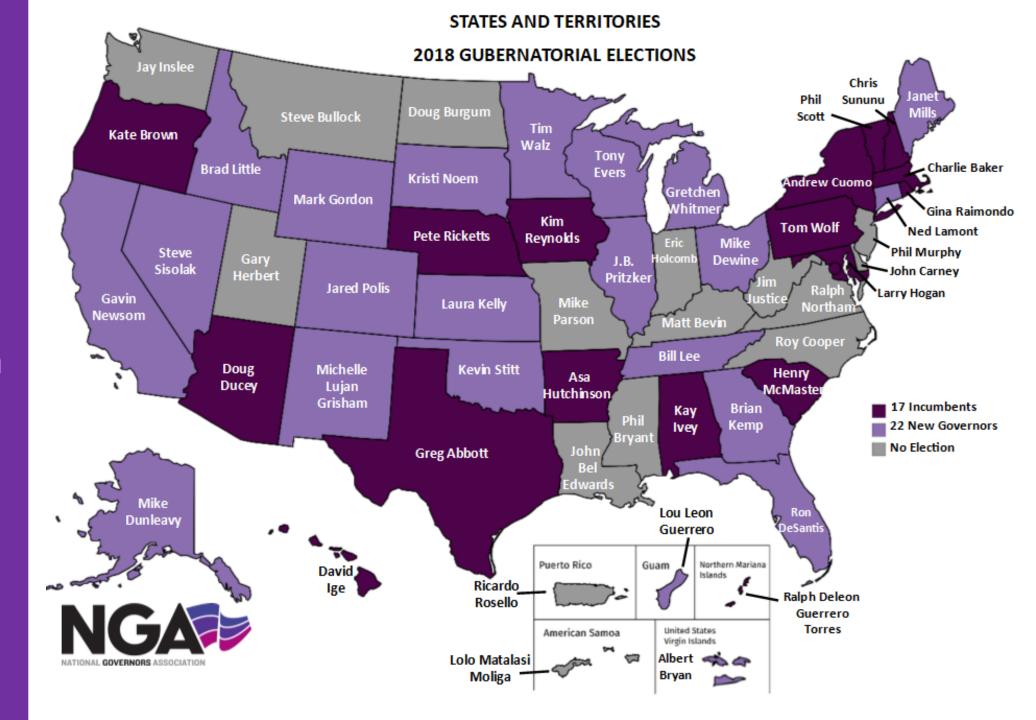
About NGA

Founded in 1908, the National Governors Association (NGA) is the collective voice of the nation's governors. Our members are the governors of the 55 states, territories and commonwealths. NGA provides governors and their staff with services that range from representing states on Capitol Hill and before the Administration to developing and implementing innovative solutions to public policy challenges through NGA Solutions -- Center for Best Practices.





Serving
22 NEW
governors in
2019



NGA Services

INGA SOLUTIONS

The NGA CENTER FOR BEST PRACTICES is the only research and development firm that directly serves the nation's governors. Areas of expertise inside the division grow aptitude in five key public policy areas being shaped in the states.

NGA GLOBAL

NGA ADVOCACY

The mission of NGA GOVERNMENT RELATIONS is to ensure governors' views are represented in the shaping of federal policy. The collective policy positions, reflecting governors' principles on priority issues, guide the association's efforts.

NGA FUTURE

NGA CONSULTING

NGA provides leadership assistance targeting the complete life-cycle of an administration—from election day through the final year in office. NGA Consulting offers services, resources and training, as well as a one-of-a-kind spouses' program.

NGA PARTNERS



NGA's Technical Assistance Toolkit



Multi-State Meetings and Expert Panels:

Convenings to help governors' offices and state officials increase their understanding of issues and best practices through peer-to-peer exchanges and discussions with experts. The NGA Center organizes ~100 meetings annually.



Policy Academies:

Intensive technical assistance between policy experts and state teams over the course of one year (or more) to develop strategic action plans and begin to work towards tangible outcomes



Governors Response Team:

Tailored responses to governors' requests, which may consist of written analyses, on-site consultations or connections between states



Learning Labs:

Opportunities for state teams to learn about and replicate innovative initiatives across states



Webinars and Calls:

Ongoing opportunities to convey policy updates on a variety of issues of interest to governors and their staffs



Publications:

Issue briefs, papers, reports, and actionable road maps with policy guidance for governors and their staffs



Retreats:

Short gathering of state officials and external stakeholders for states to discuss policy issues, existing state solutions and develop consensus on next steps





Provide governors state-based energy, environment and infrastructure solutions that enhance economic development, mobility, sustainability, reliability, resiliency, health and safety.



NGA's Energy, Environment & Infrastructure Team



Sue Gander
Director



Alyse Taylor-Anyikire Senior Policy Analyst



Dan Lauf
Energy Program
Director



Matt Rogotzke
Policy Analyst



Jessica Rackley Senior Policy Analyst



Garrett Eucalitto
Transportation
Program Director



Patricio Portillo Policy Analyst



Bevin Buchheister
Senior Policy Analyst



Energy, Environment & Infrastructure: A Year In Review

3 4

4

5

7 1

15

20+

Learning Labs Publications (Reports, Roadmaps, Whitepapers, Etc.)

Experts Roundtables

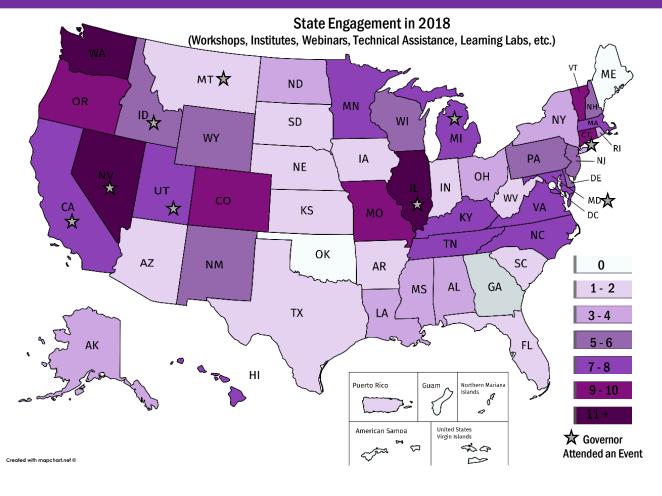
Policy Institutes,
Workshops & Summits

In-State Retreats

Webinars

Technical Assistance
Memos for States at Their
Request

outside events featuring an EET speaker











Energy, Environment & Infrastructure Division Focus

Power Sector Modernization

Energy Policy Institute

Grid Modernization Retreats

Global Energy Solutions Summit

Support for New Governors

Boot Camps and Webinars Energy Advisors

Transportation Advisors
Water Advisors

Governors Guide to Energy Policy

Energy Efficiency

Lead By Example Workshop

Energy Efficiency Experts Roundtable

Energy Efficiency Roadmap for Governors

Resiliency

State Energy Risk Assessment & Planning
Tool and State Resilience Retreats
Grid Emergency Exercises

State/Utility Coordination Workshop Housing Resiliency Experts Roundtable

Technical Assistance on Demand

Research

Policy Memos

Consultations

Nuclear Weapons Waste

Federal Facilities Task Force Meeting

Intergovernmental Meeting

Governors Guide to Nuclear Weapons Waste Cleanup

Smarter States, Smarter Communities

Learning Lab

Roadmap

Policy Academy Kick Off

Transportation Modernization

Traffic Safety Learning Labs
Electric Vehicle (EV) Regional Workshops
Innovation Workshops
Transportation Policy Institute

Water Policy Learning Network

Water Policy Institute

Webinar Series

Delaware River Basin Retreats

Power Sector Modernization

Recent Projects

- 2016 Experts Roundtable on Grid Modernization Technologies and State Policy Options
- 2017-18 Power Sector Modernization Policy Academy (KY, OR, RI, WA)
- Global Energy Solutions Summit (March 28-29, 2019)
- Transportation Electrification Regional Workshops (Winter Spring, 2019)

Publications

- Powering Up: State Trends for Advancing the Use of Energy Storage (11/2017)
- Grid Smarts: State Considerations for Adopting Grid Modernization Technologies (11/2017)
- Opportunities for Governors to Align Electricity Markets with State Energy Policy Goals (11/2017)



Energy Security and Resilience

Recent Projects

- 2016 Grid Outage In-State Retreats (WA, WI)
- 2018 GridEx IV State After-Action Workshop (CT, IL, MA, SD, WI)
- 2018 State Resilience Retreats (ID, MD, OR)
- State Resilience Assessment & Planning Tool (beta version)
- Grid Outage Exercises (e.g., DOE Clear Path, NERC GridEx)

Resilience is the ability to:

Withstand disasters better;

Respond and recover more

quickly; and Excel under new

conditions

Publications

- Improving State Coordination for Energy Assurance Planning and Response (10/2016)
- Preparing States for Extreme Electrical Power Grid Outages (11/2016)
- Executive Authority During Energy Emergencies: A Road Map for Governors (7/2018)



Energy Efficiency

Recent Projects

- 2016 Energy Efficiency Retreats (AK, MI, NH, VA)
- 2017 Lead by Example Retreats (MS, MD, NC, PA, WA)
- 2018 Lead by Example Workshop
- 2018 Energy Efficiency Experts Roundtable

Publications

- Advancing the Energy-Water Nexus: How Governors Can Bridge Their Conservation Goals (June 2017)
- <u>Aligning Energy Efficiency and Demand Response to Lower Peak Electricity Demand, Reduce Costs and Address Reliability Concerns</u> (August 2016)



And More...

Nuclear Energy

Policy scan released in April 2019

Smarter States, Smarter Communities

Roadmap coming summer, 2019 Workshop and in-state retreats coming late 2019, early 2020

Energy/Water Nexus

And other critical interdependencies

Transportation Electrification

Regional workshops held in late '18 thru spring 2019

Ahead of the Curve: Innovation Governors



On-Demand Technical Assistance

On-Demand State Technical Assistance

As-needed; quick turnaround

Direct Consultations

Remote or in-person

Quarterly Webinars

On a variety of topics; suggestions welcome!





State Introductions

#WeTheStates

State Introductions

- For state attendees, in 2-3 minutes please spend 2 to 3 minutes introducing yourself, and provide the following:
- 1. Information on your background, and
- 2. Describe your governor's energy policy priorities.



Setting an Energy Policy Vision and Implementing Your Governor's Priorities

- Moderator
 - Jessica Rackley, Senior Policy Analyst, NGA
- Speakers:
 - Sam Robinson, Deputy Chief of Staff, Pennsylvania Governor Tom Wolf
 - Alex Whitaker, former Policy Advisor to Colorado Governor John Hickenlooper



Levers and Language: An Overview of State Energy Policy and Regulation

- Moderator
 - Sue Gander, Division Director, NGA
- Speakers:
 - Rich Sedano, President and CEO, Regulatory Assistance Project
 - Branko Terzic, Managing Director, Berkeley Research Group





9 May 2019

Power Sector Trends, Utility Regulation, State Developments and Advice

National Governors Association Energy Advisors Bootcamp

Richard Sedano
President and CEO
Regulatory Assistance Project (RAP)©

50 State Street, Suite 3 Montpelier, Vermont United States +1 802 498 0710
rsedano@raponline.org
raponline.org

Plan for our time today

- Identify Trends Driving Actions
- Discuss utility regulatory process, the foundation for managing change
- Advice for state executive branches
- Action in selected states (if time allows)

Regulatory Assistance Project (RAP)®

Trends -- Innovation

- Customers
 - Needs, Wants, Nudges
- Clean Energy
 - Hard Costs, Soft Costs
- Technology
- Environment
- Markets and Regulatory Reforms

Regulatory Assistance Project (RAP)®

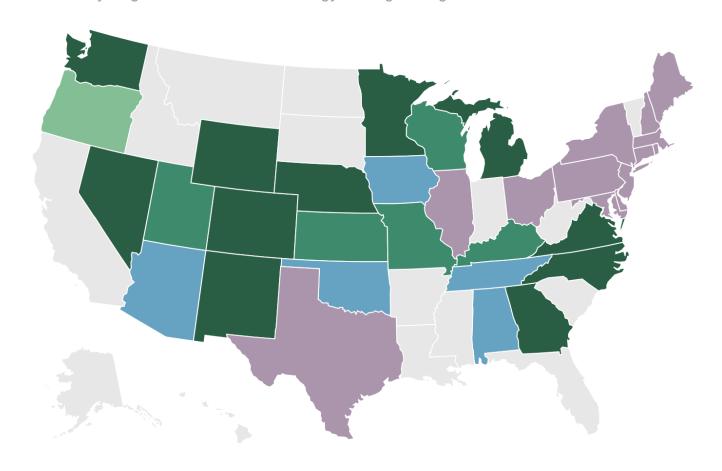
Trends: Customers

Costs and Fairness always important, new layers of interest on top of energy efficiency

- Larger Customers
 - Sustainability plans, private PPAs, Buyers
 Principles, Emerging end uses (data, indoor Ag)
- Smaller Customers
 - Solar + Storage + EV + etc.
- Locally sourced
 - Communities (resilience, solar, microgrid)
- The Internet, Apps, Controls, Behavioral Science.

U.S. RENEWABLE ENERGY MAP: A GUIDE FOR CORPORATE BUYERS

Where customers can buy large-scale renewable energy through the grid



Utility Renewable Energy (RE) Deals

Green tariff(s) and executed RE deal(s) through tariff

Green tariff(s) but no deal(s) through tariff to date Considering a green tariff (proposal with the PUC)

One-on-one RE deal(s) between companies and utilities, but no green tariff to date

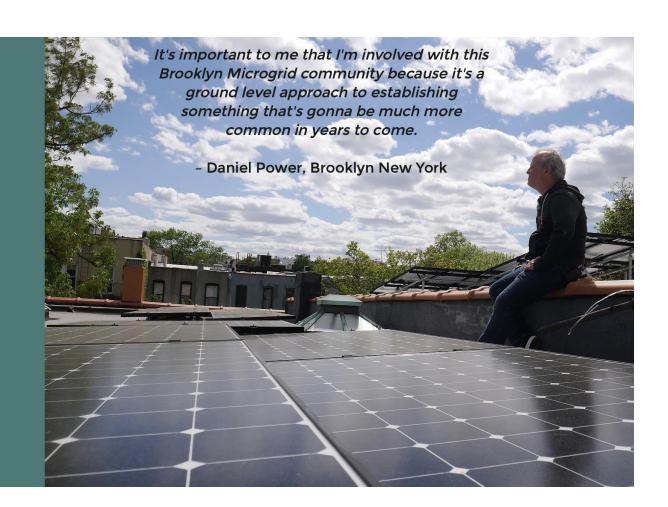
Electric retail choice easily available (EIA) No known direct large-scale RE access available

Buyersprinciples.org



Strengthening a community through local energy options.

Brooklyn Microgrid The traditional reimagines the energy grid model, with the concept of a communal energy network. While the utility still maintains the provider electrical grid that delivers power, the actual energy is generated, stored, and traded locally by members of the community, for a more resilient and sustainable clean energy model.



Brooklyn.energy

Trends: Clean Energy

- Policy (climate, jobs)
- Planning
 - Integrated Resource P >>> Distribution Planning
- Procurement
 - Resource Standards >>> emissions stds
 - All source
- Access
 - PURPA >> net metering >> interconnect >> distributed ledger and peer to peer

Trends: Technology

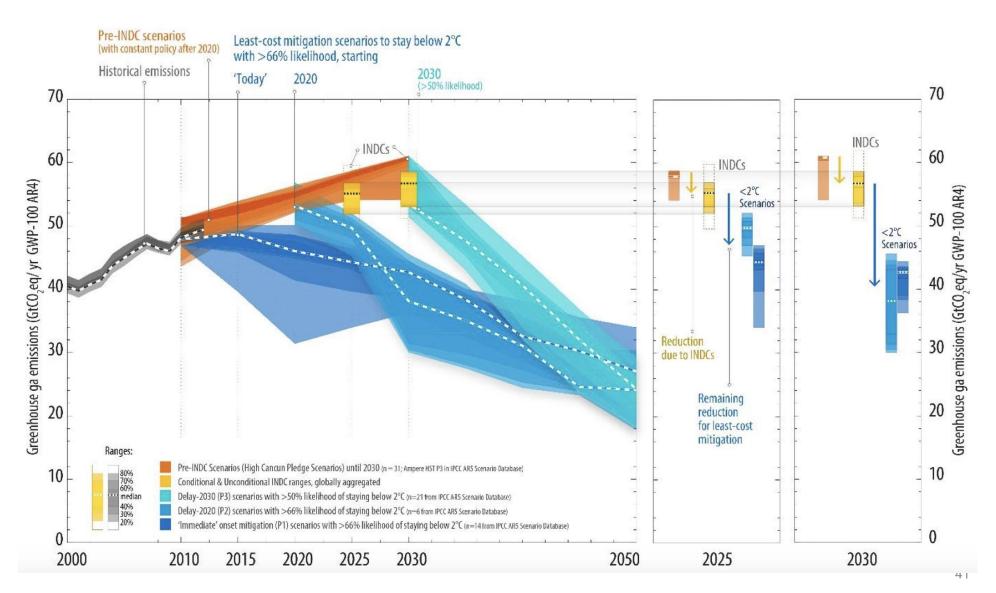
- Clean electrification
- Fast sensors, telecom, protected
- Smart programmed, reactive
- Controls larger, complex systems
- Increasingly Ubiquitous both sides of the meter
 - Not evenly distributed
- Grid Integrated Efficient Buildings

Regulatory Assistance Project (RAP)®

Beneficial Electrification

- Standard for Electrification that receives policy support
 - Beneficial to decision-making consumers
 - Beneficial to the grid
 - Beneficial to the environment and society

Figure 2
Comparison of global emission levels resulting from the intended nationally determined contributions in 2025 and 2030 with other trajectories



Utility Regulation

- Objectives
- Characteristics
- Regulation balanced with Markets
- Effect on Utility
- State authority and Federal authority

Regulatory Process - Objectives

- Total Cost control
- Prices accurate
- Reliability sufficient
- Fairness
 - Allocation, earnings, access, ...
- Capital Access
 - Healthy regulated companies are in service to assure capital access

Regulatory Assistance Project (RAP)®

Process – Characteristics and Options

- Tradition: Reactive, evidence-based
 - Regulation originated as a delegation from legislatures
- Alternatives
 - Collaboratives, workshops, engagement

Regulatory Assistance Project (RAP)®

Process – Characteristics and Options

- Tradition: Reactive, evidence-based
 - Too Narrow? Room for initiative? Regulation originated as a delegation from legislatures
- Alternatives may recognize value in proactivity
 - Collaboratives, workshops, engagement
- Innovation is stifled with too much structure
- Innovation is stimulated with engagement

Regulatory Assistance Project (RAP)®

Regulation and Markets

- There is always a balance between regulation and markets
 - In a one-way system, markets are evident in wholesale, and customers make their choices
 - In a two-way or N-way system, customers are presented with more options
 - EE, Production (Solar), Storage, EVs, fuel switch, Grid integration, new suppliers of services, new rules (roles?) for utility

The One Way Grid

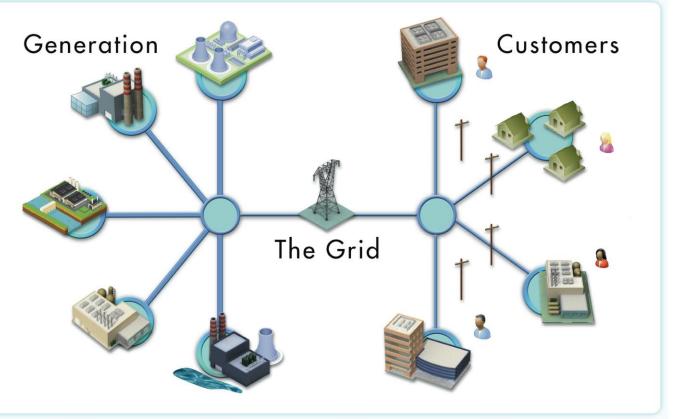
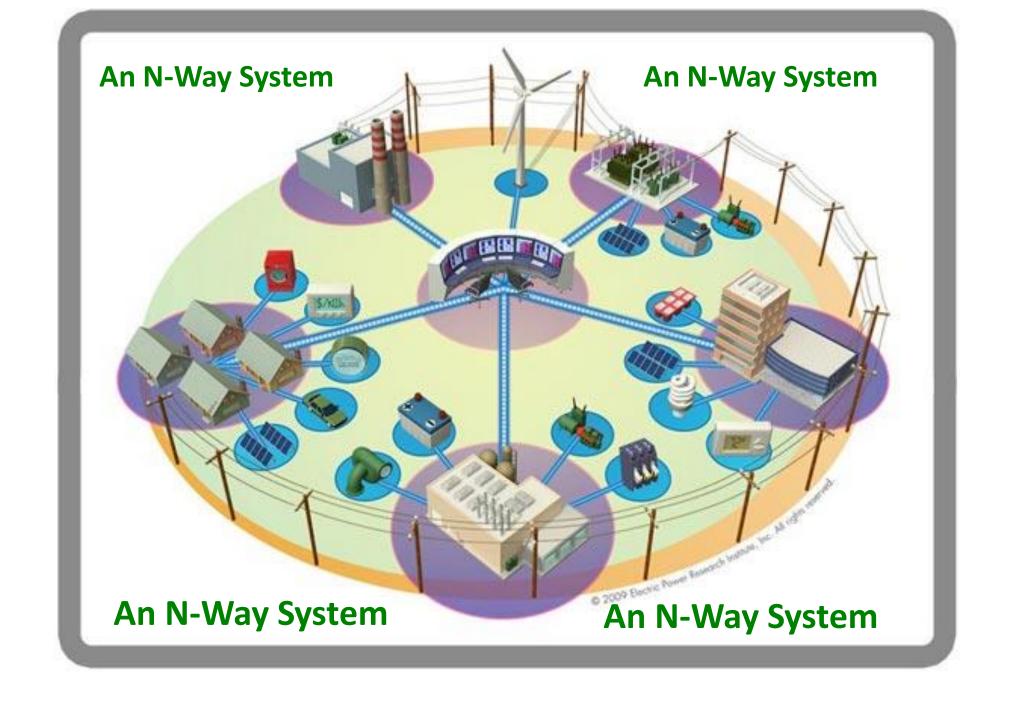


Figure 1: Today's Power System Characterized by Central Generation of Electricity, Transmission, and Distribution to End-Use Consumers

EPRI



Utility Culture and Customers

- Most utility execs see this clearly
- Many do not trust government to manage the transition with due care
 - Munis and coops tend to have more latitude
- Many are arrogant about what should happen
- Many are taking steps to protect cash flow
 - Proposals to increase monthly charges, demand
- Government can guide progress

State / Federal: How cooperative is Cooperative Federalism?

- Basic idea: states manage in-state stuff
 - FERC manages inter-state commerce
- Where is the line?
- What are the inter-dependencies?
- When coordination makes sense, does it happen?
 - Regional State Committees
- States are advocates in federal forums

Regulation and The Executive

- Independence is a hallmark of regulation
- Isolation is bad for regulation
 - Awareness of social realities
 - Accounting for (accelerating) trends
 - Political/Social significance
 - Climate Change, other regional national shared interests

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What can the Executive Do?

- Appoint
- Convene
- Cajole
- Lead (with a vision for using technology and more active customers to address needs, position for the future
- Collaborate regionally, cross-sectorally
- Manage actively state utility relationship

Regulatory Assistance Project (RAP)®

Perpetual and Emergent Issues

- The utility role
- Cost control
- Throughput incentive
- Capital bias
- How utilities earn
- Procurement
- Price signals

- The Public Interest
- Fairness
- Access
- Outcomes



States to talk about

- California and New York
- Rhode Island and Oregon
- Minnesota and Michigan
- Arkansas and North Carolina

Regulatory Assistance Project (RAP)®

What's Happening out there – Big States

New York

- Reforming the Energy Vision (REV)
- Reconsider utility role
- Customer resources

California

- Clean energy and climate priorities
- Incremental changes to key jobs utilities do

What's Happening out there – Small States

Rhode Island

- Power Sector
 Transformation
- Report of Phase 1

Oregon

- Performance Reg.
- Climate
- Report to Legislature

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What's Happening out there – Interior States

Michigan

- Reformed IRP
- Performance

Minnesota

- Decoupling
- Community solar
- Distribution planning

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Performance

Southeast States

Arkansas

 New workshop process starting to reduce barriers to distributed resources

North Carolina

- Clean Energy Plan
 Development

 Process <u>underway</u>
- Implementing an Executive Order

Final Word

- Because changes are prompted by technology and consumers, trends are unstoppable
- Because regulation will always tend to the vulnerable, change will be slower than some want
- Because change has deep social effects, politics must guide if change is to favor the <u>public interest</u>
- Because implementation takes effort, planning is valuable

Selected Resources

- ✓ Selected Issues in Power Sector Transformation (used as a framing document for the Oregon process)
- ✓ Getting From Here to There: Regulatory Considerations for Transportation Electrification



About RAP

The Regulatory Assistance Project (RAP)® is an independent, non-partisan, non-governmental organization dedicated to accelerating the transition to a clean, reliable, and efficient energy future.

Learn more about our work at raponline.org



Richard Sedano
President and CEO
The Regulatory Assistance Project (RAP)®

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Dr. h.c. Branko Terzic



Biography





Speaker: Branko Terzic Managing Director Berkeley Research Group LLC

Distinguished Fellow
Council on Competitiveness
and
Senior Fellow
Atlantic Council

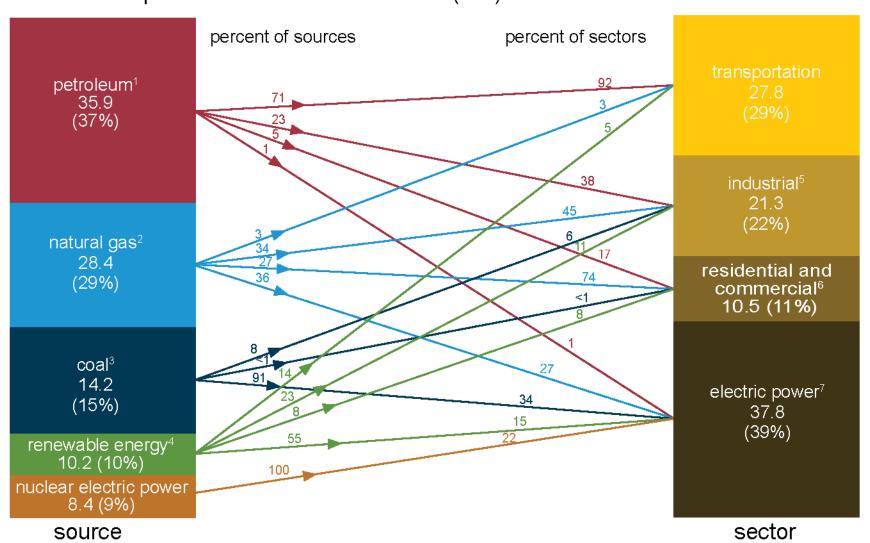
Profile: Formerly;
Chairman, CEO Yankee Energy System,
Commissioner, US Federal Energy
Regulatory Commission (FERC),
Commissioner, State of Wisconsin Public
Service Commission (PSCW)

BS in Energy Engineering and Honorary Doctor of Sciences in Engineering University of Wisconsin – Milwaukee.



U.S. primary energy consumption by source and sector, 2016

Total = 97.4 quadrillion British thermal units (Btu)







Power & Energy



POWER: rate of energy delivery

- 13 Strong men
- = 2 Draft horses
- = 1.34 horsepower
- = 1 kiloWatt

ENERGY: ability to do work

- kiloWatt-Hour
- 3.6 MJoules
- Therms
- BTU

How much HP does your house need?

US Average home has 27 electric devices



•	Water	heater	3	kW
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Refrig/Freezer 1 kW

Lighting 1 kW

Vacuum 1.2 kW

Microwave 1.7 kW

Hair dryer 1.5 kW

Dishwasher 1 kW

TV (3 sets) 1 kW

Spin dryer 3 kW

Air Con (4 rms) 6 kW

Washer 1 kW

Garage dr 1 kW

Iron 2 kW

• 27 kW = 36 HP

Toaster 1 kW

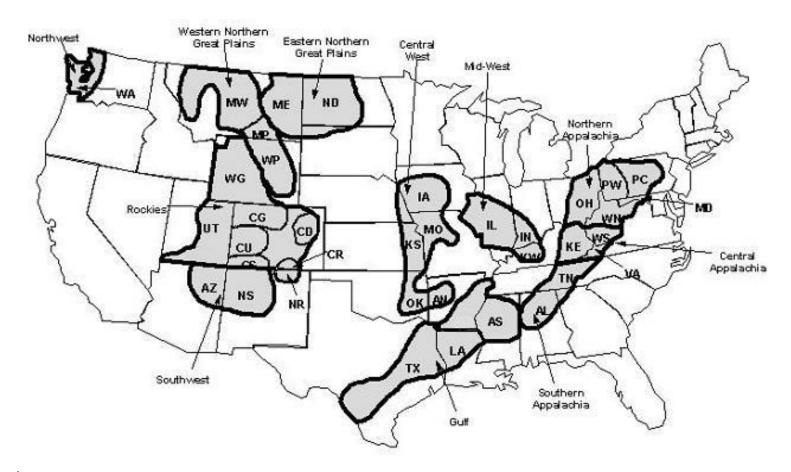
 California average solar array is 4-6 kW

Kettle

2 kW

Coal Supply Region Map





• In addition to the 37 regions depicted here, there are separate coal supply regions for Alaska and Imports, for a total of 39.

Oil Shale and Natural Gas Shale – Where they are

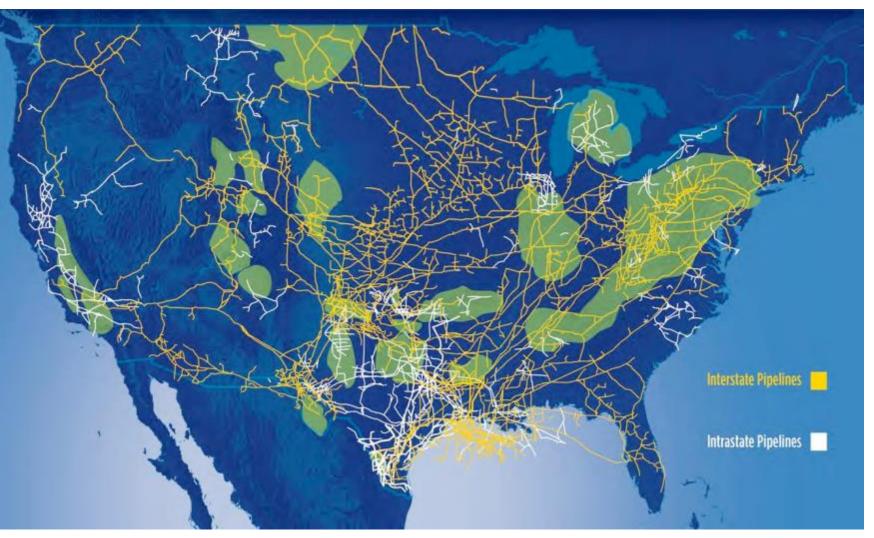




Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration based on data from various published studies. Canada and Mexico plays from ARI. Updated: May 9, 2011.

Shale basins and the U.S. pipeline grid

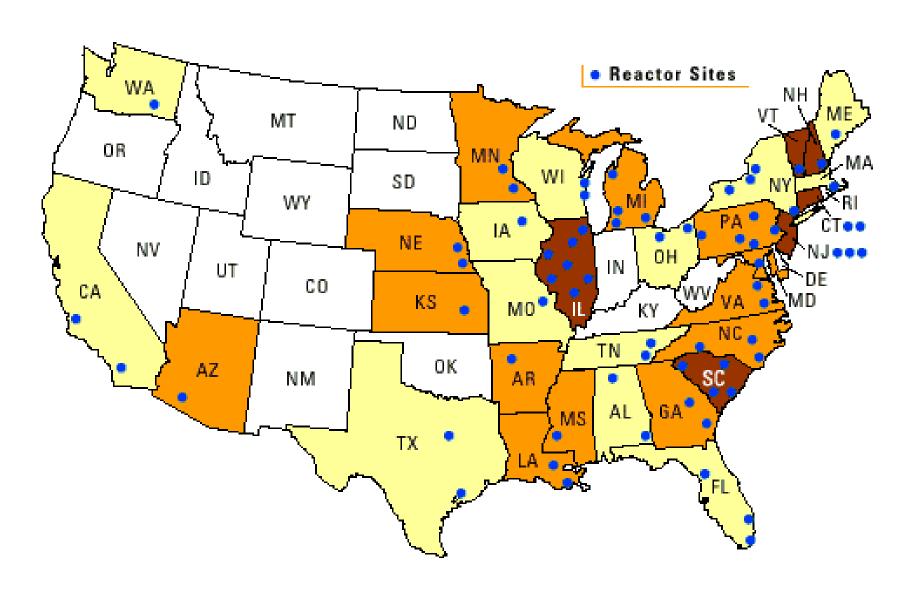




Source: American Clean Skies Foundation.

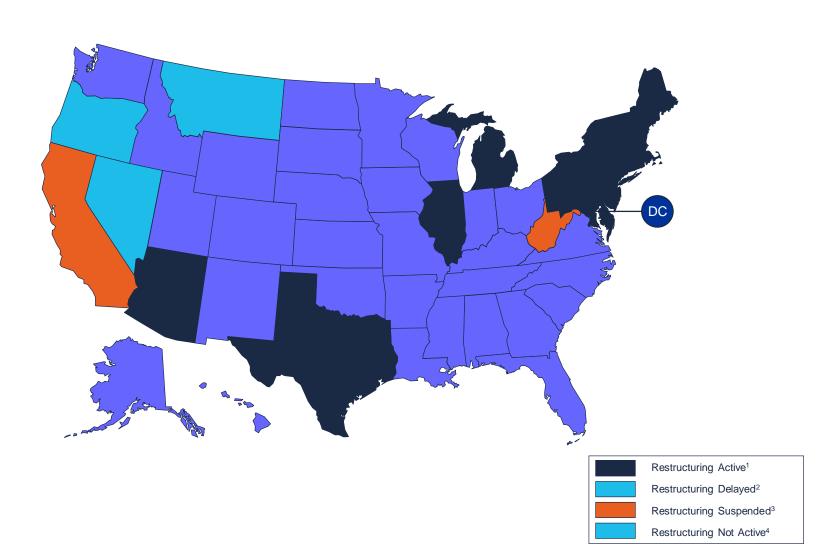
Locations of nuclear facilities in U.S.





Status of restructuring

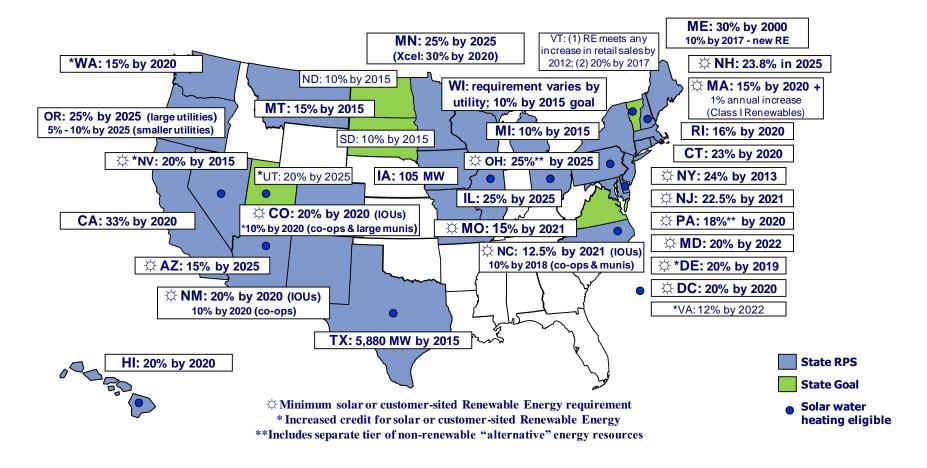




U.S. Domestic Renewable Energy Goals



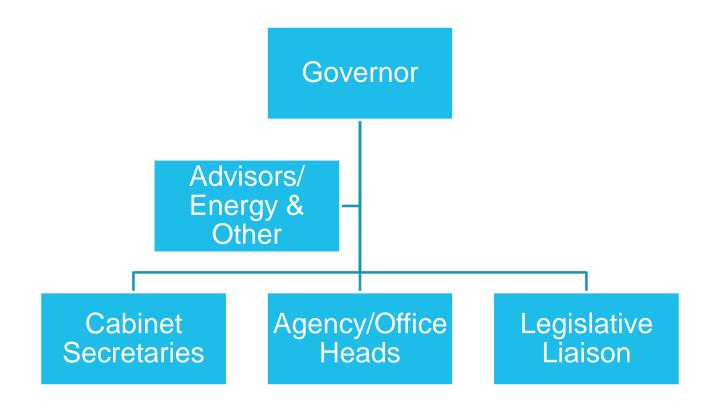
Several states have established aggressive goals for renewable energy production (RPS), many of which have specific carve-outs for solar energy.



Source: www.dsireusa.org















One state example



Governor Murphy Signs Measures to Advance New Jersey's Clean Energy Economy

05/23/2018

MONMOUTH JUNCTION – Bolstering his commitment to New Jersey's energy future, Governor Phil Murphy today signed several legislative initiatives to establish New Jersey's leadership in the clean energy economy. Governor Murphy also signed an executive order directing the development of an updated Energy Master Plan (EMP) for the state to achieve 100 percent clean energy by 2050.

The State Energy Plan



 "A well-constructed state energy plan provides an assessment of current and future energy supply and demand, examines existing energy policies, and identifies emerging energy challenges and opportunities."

NASEO's State Energy Planning Guidelines

2018 Guidance for States in Developing Comprehensive Energy Plans and Policy Recommendations

State Energy Plan Objectives I



- Identify and vet strategies to accelerate energy-related economic development, and ensure policies and programs reflect market needs and opportunities;
- Ensure that new and existing policies and programs related to grid modernization, energy emergency preparedness, energy efficiency, and others are <u>coordinated and complementary</u>;
- Build consensus around state energy policy and investment decisions;
- Build a long-term energy roadmap that is based on widely accepted data and analysis;
 [continued next page]

Ref: NASEO Guidelines

State Energy Plan Objectives II



- Manage risk (e.g., physical and cyber security) associated with energy markets to ensure that system reliability and integrity are maintained;
- Assign responsibility for specific energy actions and provide resources for successful implementation of plan recommendations;
- Enhance transparency and accountability within state government; and
- Serve as a guide for economic development, workforce training, and prudent stewardship of a state's natural resources.

Ref: NASEO Guidelines

NASEO State Energy Planning Steps



Step 1: Establish a Requirement and Scope

for a State Energy Plan

Step 2: Convene the Planning Team

Step 3: Develop a Vision for the State Energy

Plan

Step 4: Conduct Data Collection and

Projection Analyses

Step 5: Garner Public Input and Feedback

Step 6: Establish Goals and Recommended

Actions to Meet the Vision

Step 7: Draft the State Energy Plan

Step 8: Finalize, Adopt, and Implement the

Plan

Step 9: Conduct Outreach and Education

Step 10: Monitor Progress and Update the

Plan

State Energy Plan Components



- Assessment of the current energy profile, industries, and institutional capacity, with a focus on the unique energy assets within a state;
- Energy outlook, forecast, or projection of future needs including supply, demand, and costs;
- Vision of the desired energy future;
- Challenges to be addressed;
- Goals and strategies;
- Prioritized and specific actions with timeline and evaluation and measurement criteria;
- and
- Identification of potential financing and funding mechanisms to support implementation of the recommended actions.

Ref: NASEO Guidelines

Typical Policy Program Areas



Demand-side policies and program

Energy efficiency

Renewable energy

Supply-side policies and programs

Alternative fuels

Natural Gas and Oil

Electricity

Coal

Nuclear

Example: New Hampshire 10 Year Strategy



- Electric Grid of the Future
 - Open PUC Docket on Grid Modernization
- Increase Investments in Cost Effective Energy Efficiency
 - Set energy efficiency goal
 - Address utility disincentives
 - Improve coordination and design of existing programs
 - improve customer access to financing
 - Do more to reduce costs for low income neighbors
- Fuel Diversity and Choice
 - Strengthen and stabilize Renewable Portfolio Standards
 - Encourage Distributed Energy Resources
 - Attract private financing
 - Expand use and scope of renewable property tax exemption

- Increase transportation options
 - Enable and encourage adoption of plug-in electric vehicles
- Identify sustainable transportation funding mechanisms
- Expand and coordinate mass transit
- Support efforts to maintain and expand rail
- Expand ride-share
- Reduce unnecessary idling

Some Recommended Reading



- Electricity
 - The Grid: A Journey Through the Heart of our Electrified World by Phillip Schewe
- Natural gas
 - Shale Gas: The Promise and the Peril by Vikram Rao
 - The Political Economy of Pipelines by Jeff Makholm
- Oil
 - Oil 101 by Morgan Downey
 - Oil: Beginners Guide by Vaclal Smil

- Global Energy
 - The Quest: Energy, Security and the Remaking of the Modern World by Daniel Yergin
- Energy Sources
 - Energy: A Human History by Richard Rhodes
- Nuclear
 - Energy for Future Presidents
 by Richard A. Muller
- Solar
 - Sun Above The Horizon by Peter Varadi



Knowles Law of Legislative Deliberation

"The length of debate varies inversely with the complexity of the issue."

Corollary: When the issue is simple and everyone understands it, debate is almost interminable.

State Senator (WI) Robert Knowles (1916-1985)

Ref: The Official Rules, Paul Dickson Dover, 2013

And then...



Proposed State Energy Strategy Draws Critics

SEP 06, 2017 HARTFORD COURANT

...NEW PLAN FALLS SHORT OF WHAT IS NEEDED....

Draft energy plan draws criticism from environmental activists

Mach 7, 2014 WRVO-FM

...needs to be more emphasis on renewable energy...

Scientists Sharply Rebut Influential Renewable-Energy Plan

June 19, 2017 MIT technology review

Nearly two dozen researchers critique a proposal for wind, solar, and water power gaining traction in policy circles.

...it contained modeling errors and implausible assumptions that could distort public policy and spending decisions...



Shorr's Laws of Economics

If there are imperfections in the structure of the marketplace, entrepreneurs will make lots of money.

If there are no imperfections in the structure of the market[lace, entrepreneurs will make imperfections in the structure of the marketplace.

Ref: The Official Rules, Paul Dickson, Dover, 2013



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Appendix

Details of State Energy Plans

Demand side programs



Energy Efficiency

- Output based regulation
- Energy codes
- Green building standards
- Appliance standards
- Investment incentives for energy efficiency technologies
- Demand response
- Energy Efficiency Resources Standards "EERS"

Renewable Energy

- Green pricing
- Alternative vehicle fuels
- Green power purchasing requirements
- Net metering rules
- Interconnection standards
- Production incentives
- Investment incentives

Supply side programs I



Alternative Fuels

- Biofuels production incentives
- Zero emission vehicle (ZEV) incentives
- Low emission vehicle (LEV) incentives

Natural gas and oil

- Streamlined permitting and reporting
- Enhanced oil and gas recovery incentives- "fraking"
- Production incentives for oil
- Production incentives for natural gas

Supply side programs II



Electricity

- Industry structure
- Generation disclosure requirements
- Energy efficiency resource standards
- Resource portfolio or energy standards "RPS"
- Distributed energy resources "DER"
- System benefit fund

Coal and Nuclear

- Tax credits new clean coal
- Indigenous coal use incentive
- Coal production incentives
- Nuclear market support

Overarching Policy Driver Metrics



- Economic development
 - Value of industry
 - Gross state product impact
 - Jobs impact
- Environmental
 - Local air quality
 - Greenhouse gas emissions
- Energy Security
 - Fuel import offset
 - Fuel diversity

Ref: NREL Analytic Framework for Evaluation of State Energy July 2008

Trivia Time!



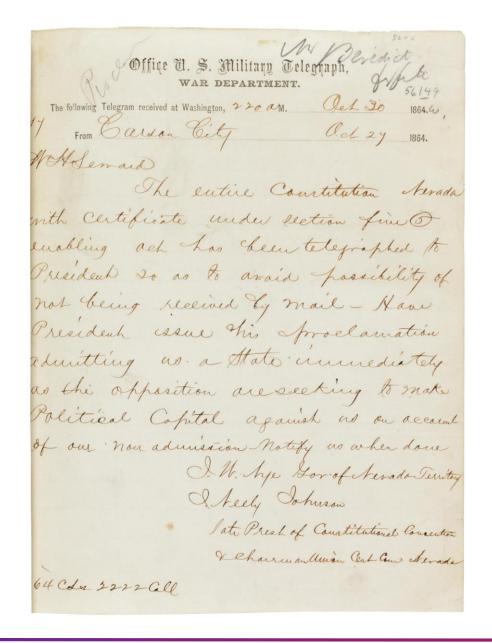
Question 1:

 The Governor of which state/territory sent the world's longest telegram ever sent by Morse Code?



Nevada!

• In October 1864, Nevada's Governor James Nye sent the state's constitution via Morse Code (through Salt Lake City and then Chicago) to ensure the state was admitted to the union prior to the presidential election.





Question 2:

 Which state in the continental U.S. charges the highest residential electricity prices?



Connecticut

 The state charges on average 21.56 cents per kWH on residential electricity bills. The national average is 12.47 cents per kWH



Policy Deep Dive: Grid Operations in a Distributed World

- Speaker:
 - Darlene Phillips, Senior Director, Operations Engineering Support, PJM





Grid Operations in a Distributed World

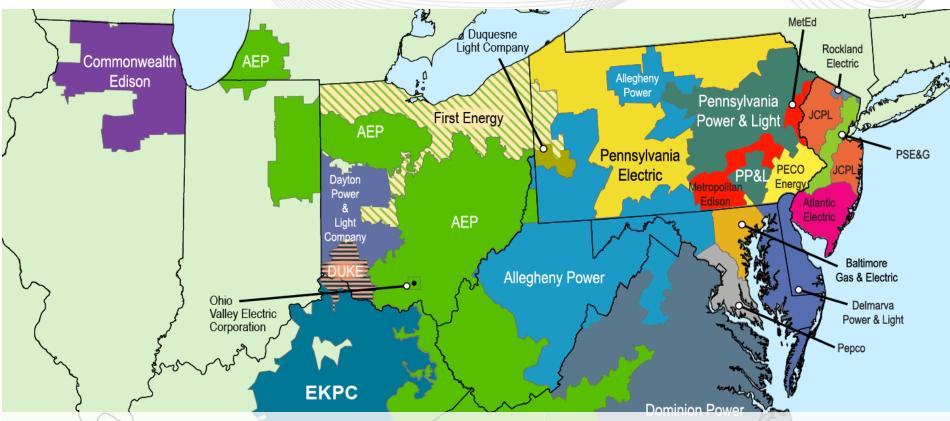
Darlene Phillips
Sr. Director, Operations Engineering Support
PJM Interconnection

Bootcamp for Governors' New Energy Policy Advisors May 9, 2019

www.pjm.com PJM©2019

pjm

PJM Evolution



PJM Expansion History

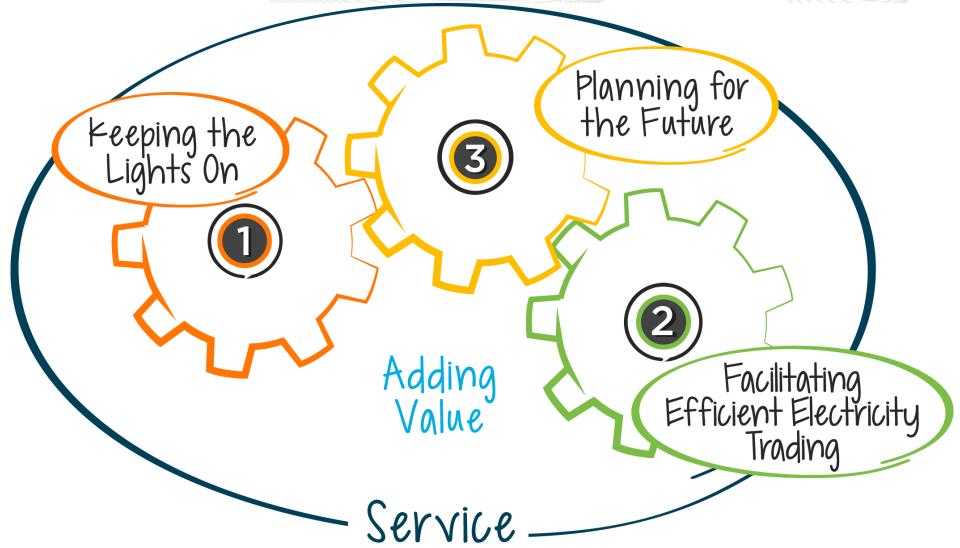
- 1927

 Started three utility power pool
- 1997 Started RTO with eight TOs
- June 2002 AP Joined
- May 2004 ComEd joined
- October 2004 AEP/Dayton

- May 2005 Dominion joined
- January 2006 Duquesne joined
- June 2011 FirstEnergy joined
- January 2012 Duke joined
- June 2013 EKPC joined
- December 2018 OVEC joined

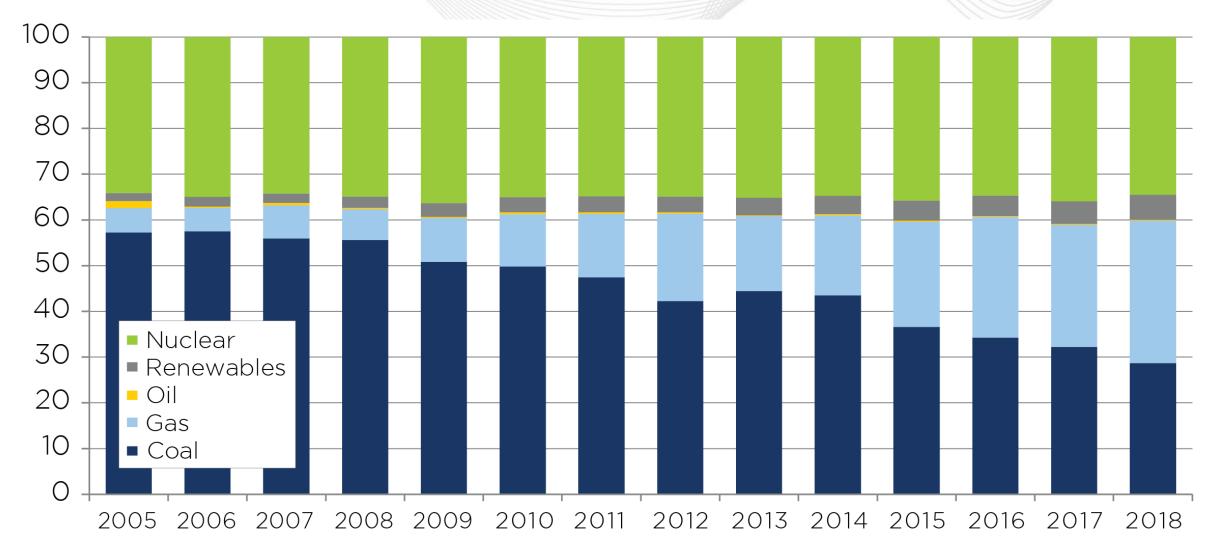


Focus on Just 3 Things



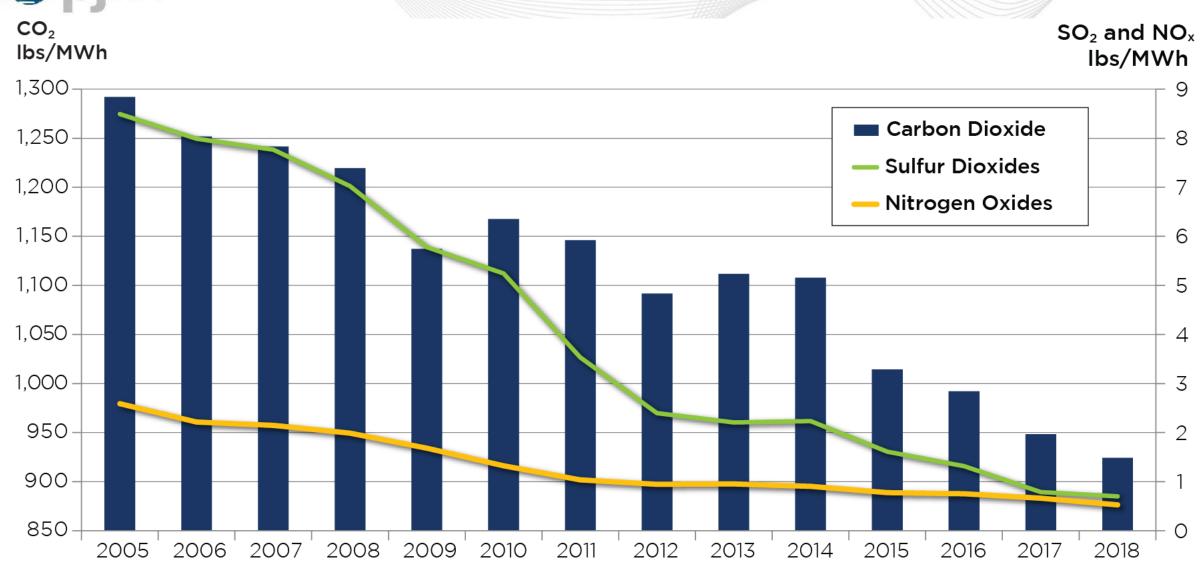


Annual Fuel Mix



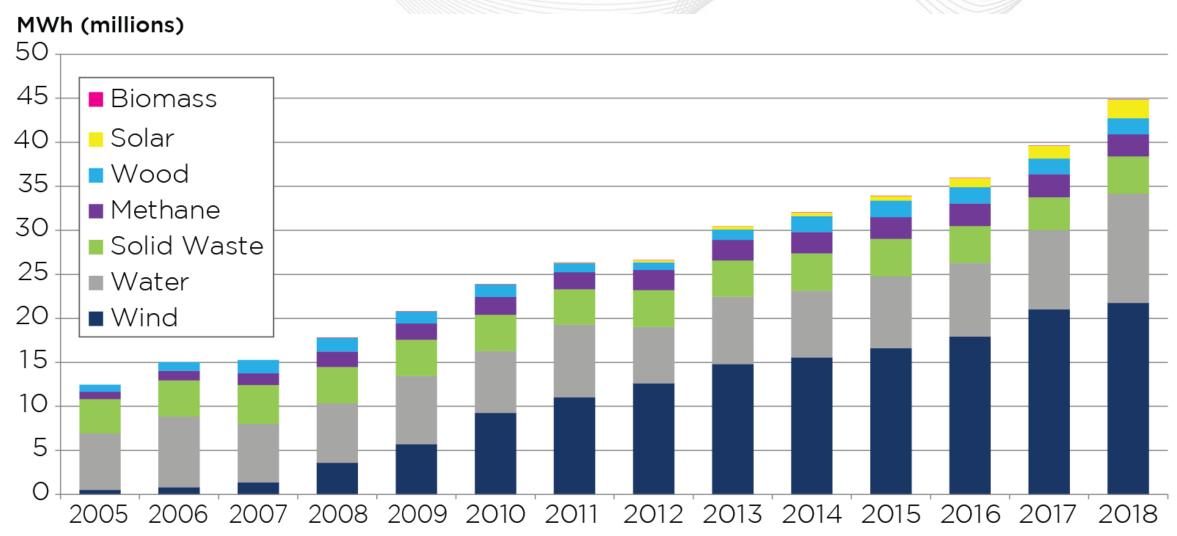


2005-2018 PJM Average Emissions





2018 Renewable Energy in PJM

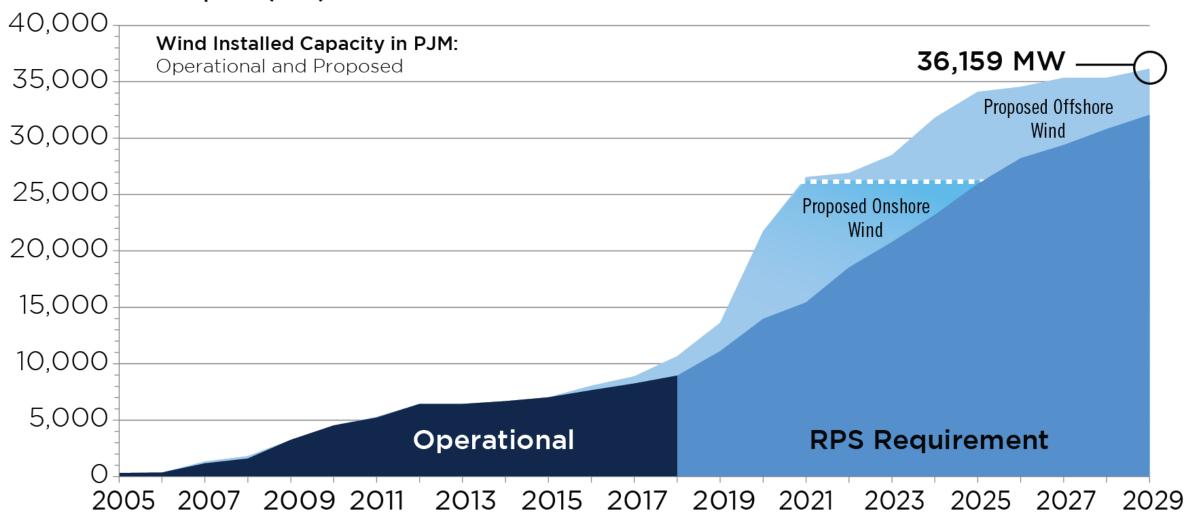




2018 Wind Capacity in PJM

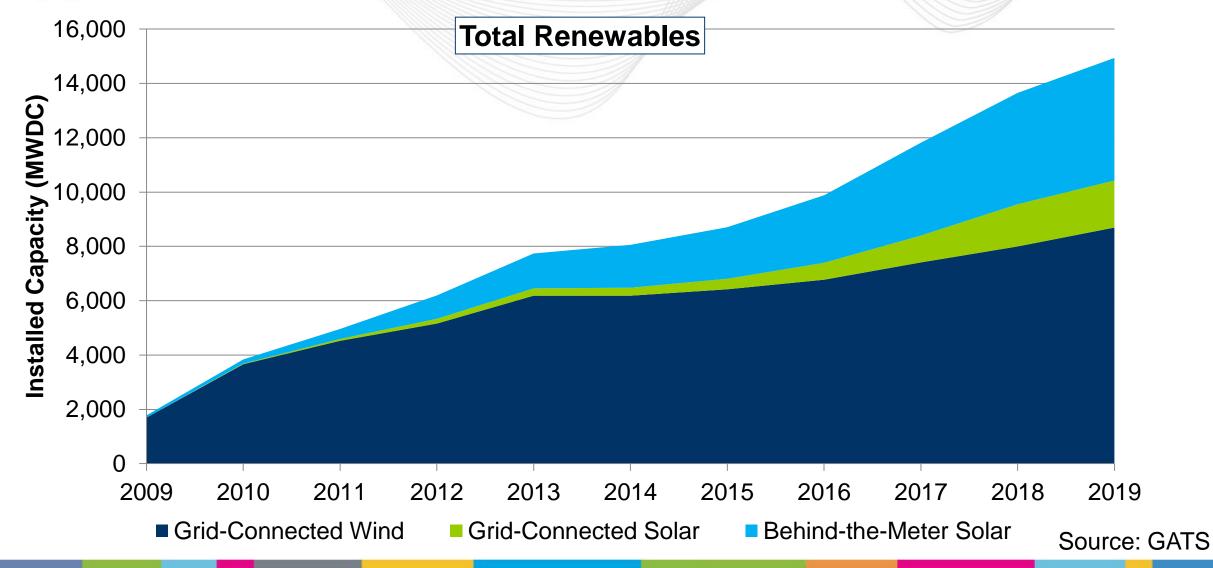
Generation is Stated in MWh







Ten Years of Renewable Growth in PJM



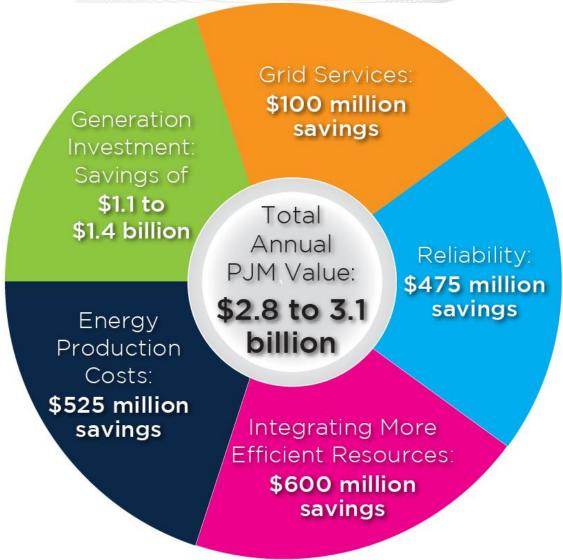


Appendix

www.pjm.com 109 PJM©2019



Value Proposition







Unprecedented number of changes in the power industry



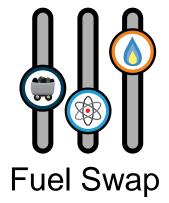
Storage technologies



Alternative technologies



Distributed energy resources







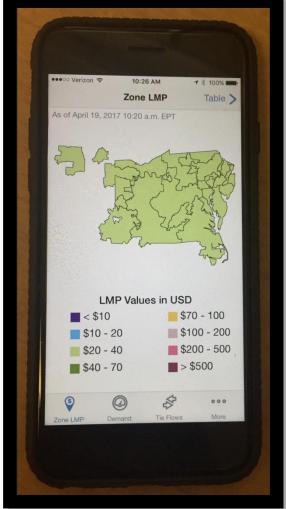
Intermittent renewables

Changes in customer expectations



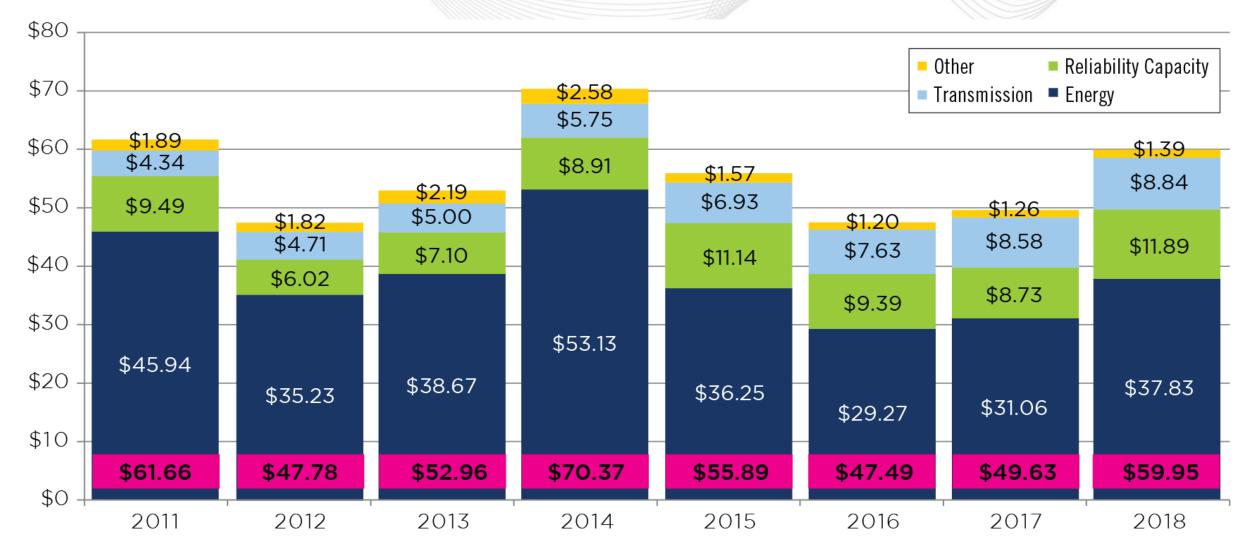
PJM Now App Available





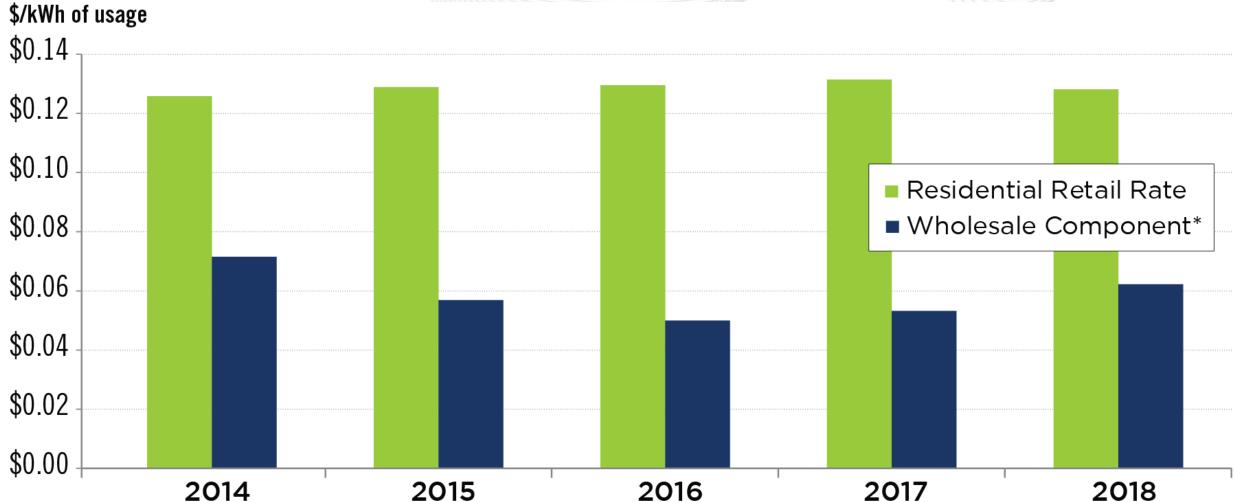


PJM Wholesale Cost - 6 Years





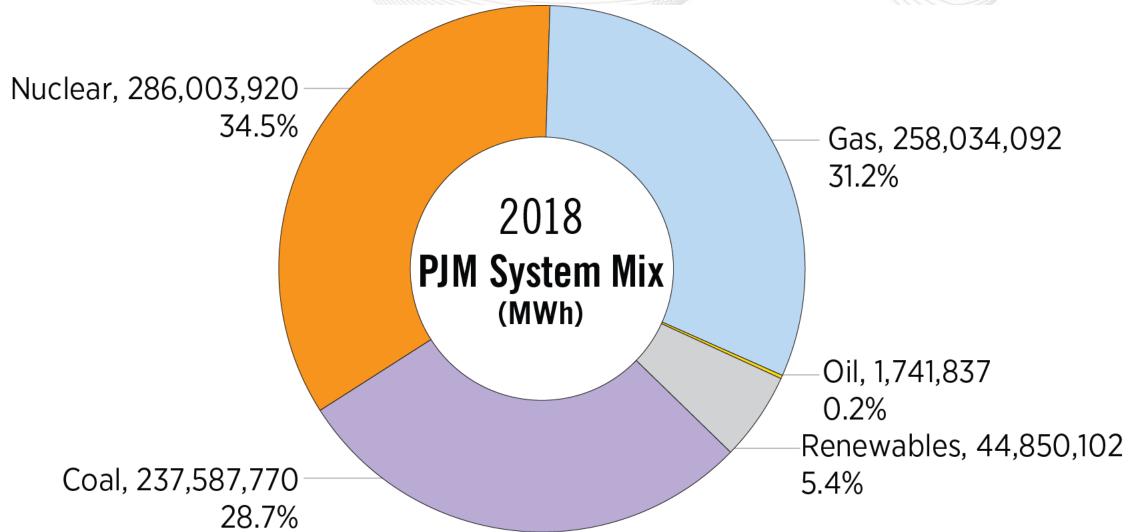
PJM Wholesale Rates (2014-2018)



*Includes LMP, capacity, transmission, ancillary services and other costs Sources: EIA, EEI, Monitoring Analytics, PJM



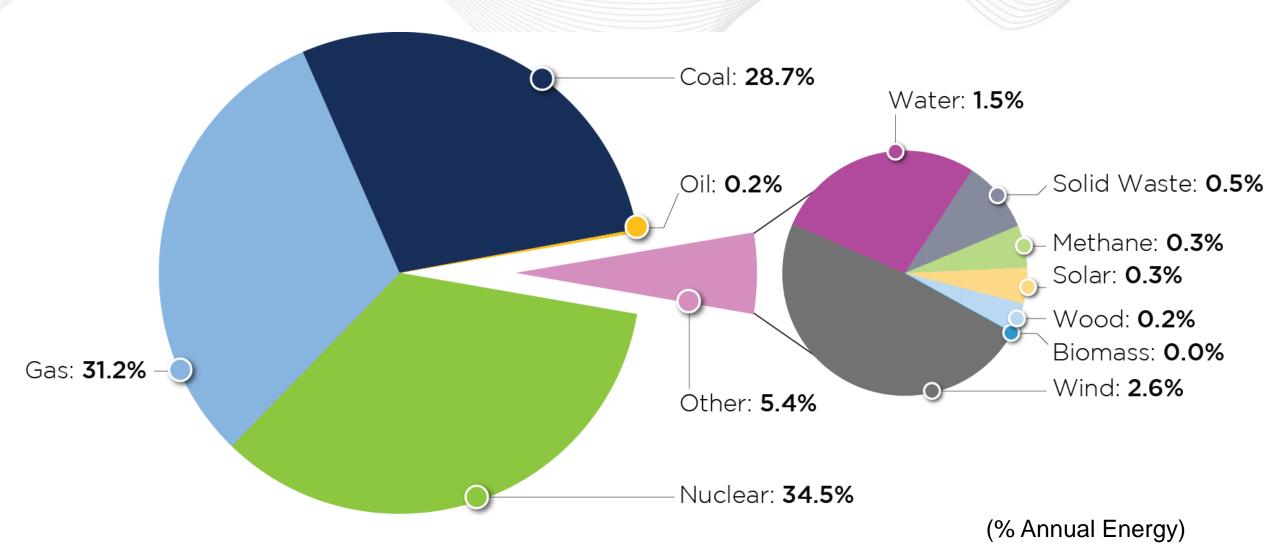
PJM System Mix



www.pjm.com 115 PJM©2019



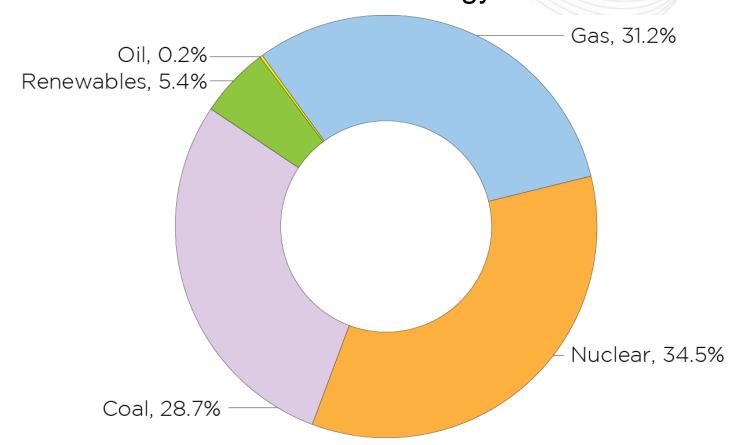
2018 PJM Fuel Mix

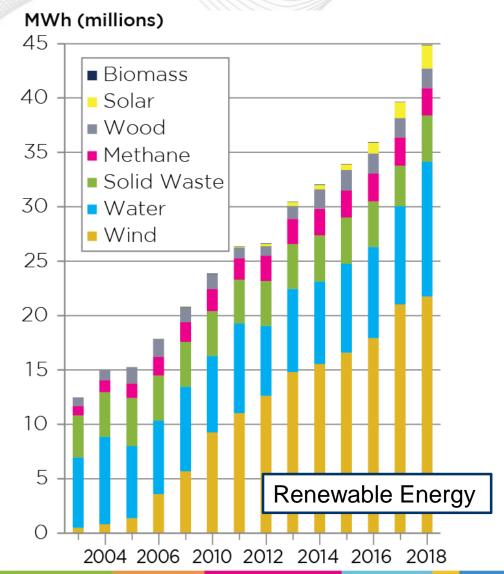




Percentage of Renewable Energy is Small but Growing

PJM Generation Mix – 2018 Annual Energy

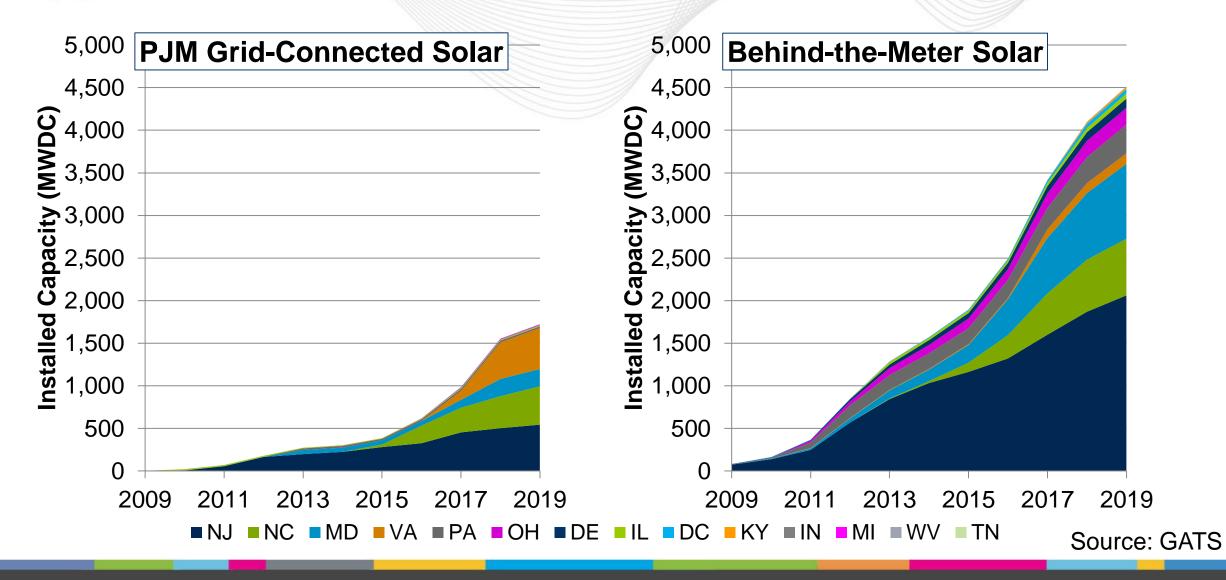




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Ten Years of Renewable Growth in PJM







Wholesale DER

Non-Wholesale DER

1 **GW**Demand Response

Customer-sited generation:

Offers into capacity, energy and/or ancillary services markets

74% 24% 2% Diesel Natural Gas Other

Remaining ~8 GW of DR is load modification without any generation (e.g., industrial process management)

1 **GW** Generator

Front-of-the-meter generation:

Offers into capacity, energy and/or ancillary services markets. Can be sited at customers.

Mostly solar but also other fuels

~7 GW DER

Solar PV DER: Retail/rooftop solar

Municipal DER: Municipal electric company distribution-level generators

Process DER: Industrial generators, combined heat and power

Resilience DER: Emergency backup

Qualified Facilities: Direct sales to

distribution utilities

Lunch Keynote: Incorporating Equity in State Energy Policymaking

- Speaker:
 - John Howat, Senior Energy Analyst, National Consumer Law Center

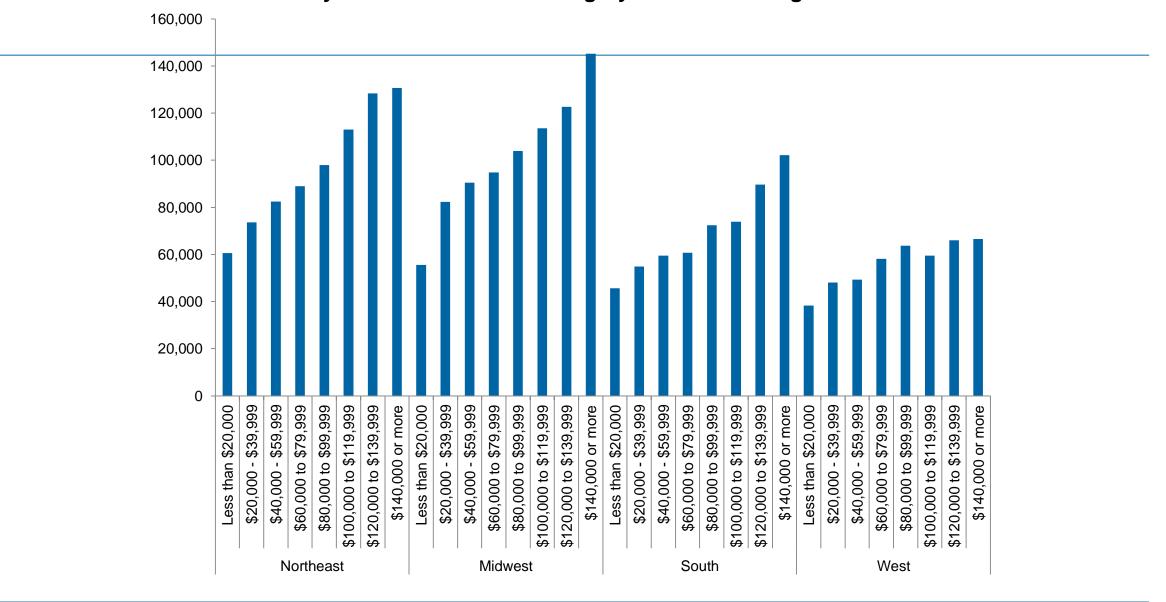


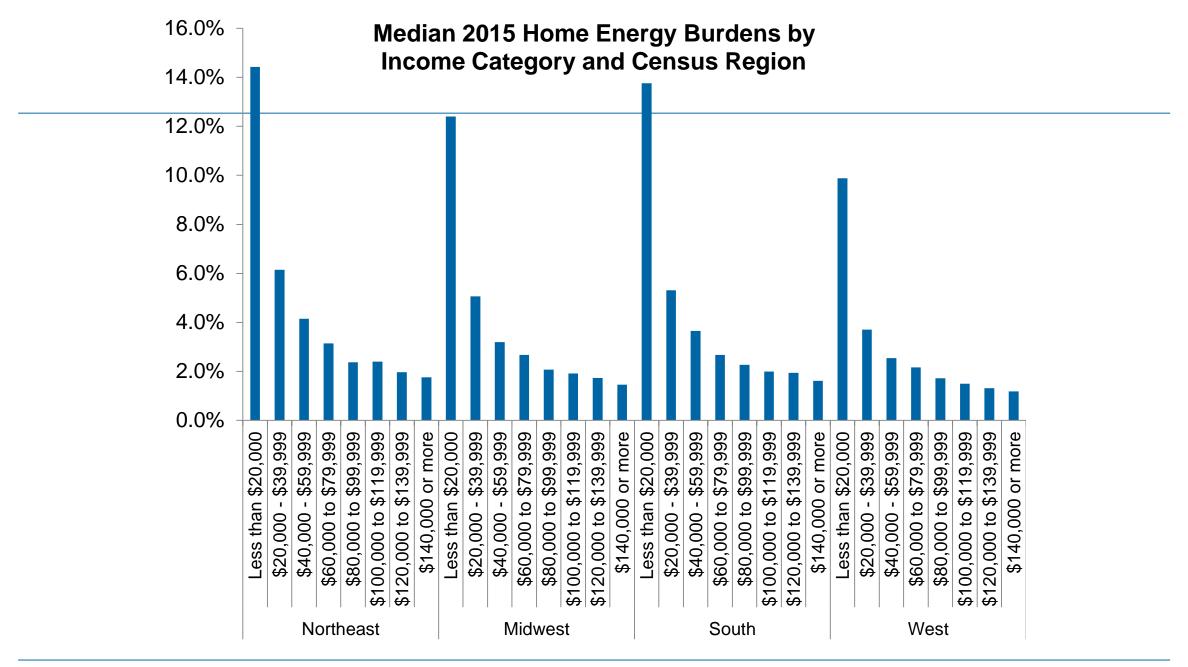
State Energy Policy as a Tool to Reverse Energy System Inequity During the Clean Energy Transition



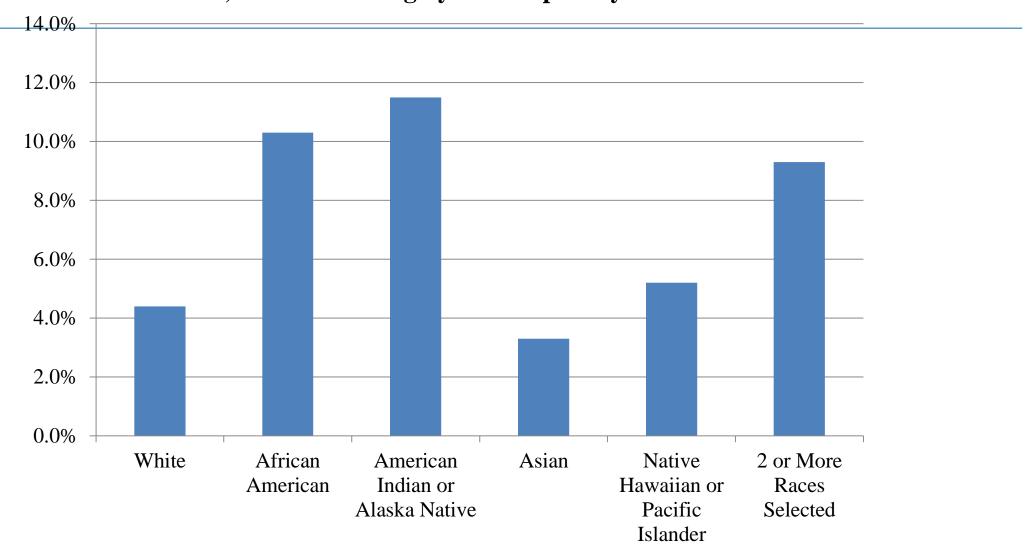
John Howat – National Consumer Law Center National Governors Association May 2019

Median 2015 Household Energy Usage (thousand Btu) by Household Income Category and Census Region

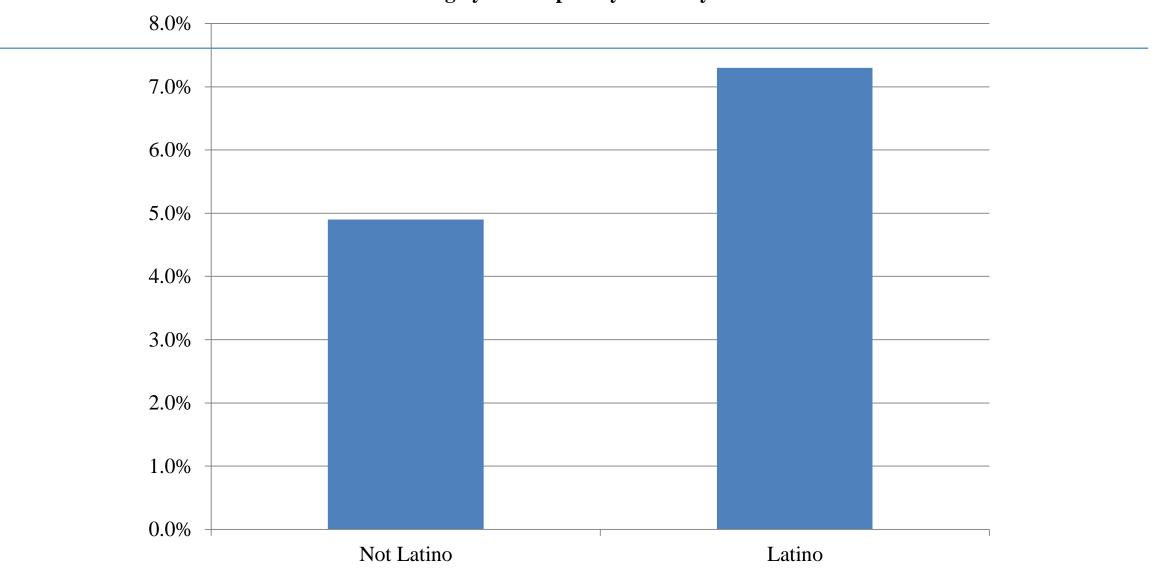




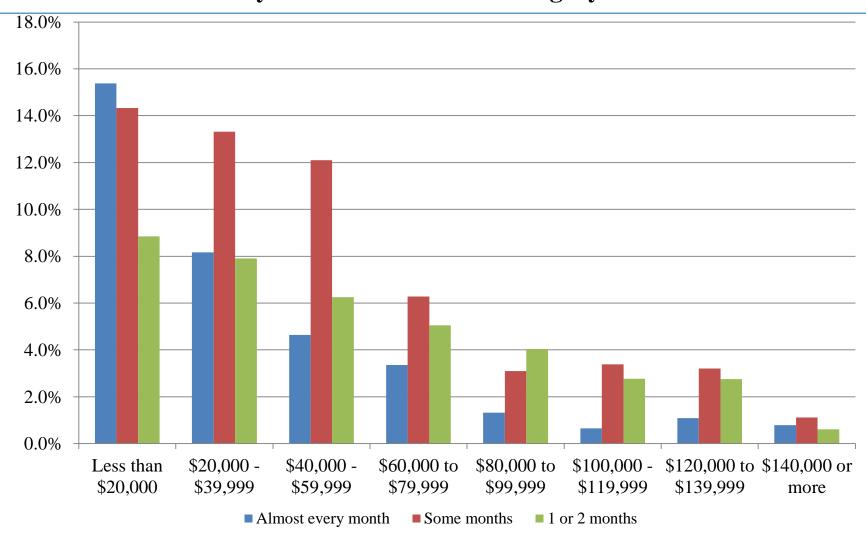
Loss of Heat in the Past Year Due to Unaffordable Utility Service, Fuel or Heating System Repair by Race: U.S.



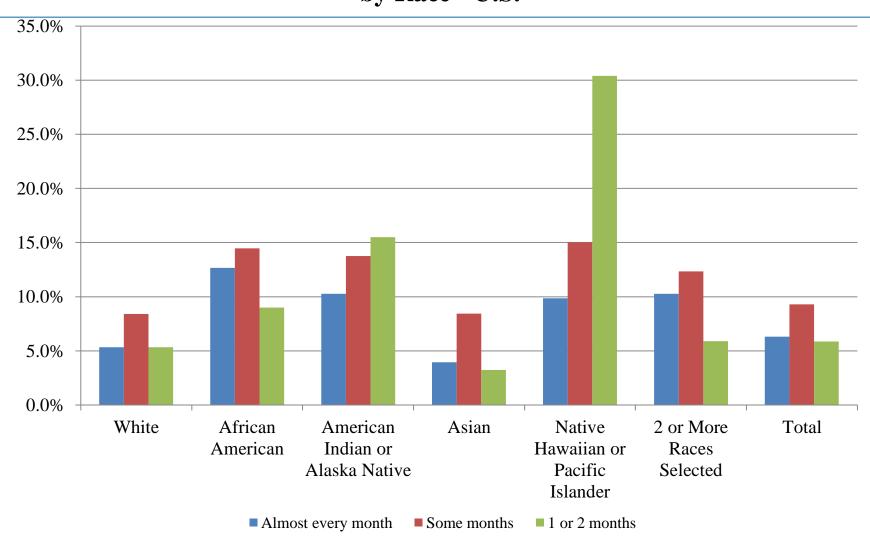
Loss of Heat in the Past Year Due to Unaffordable Utility Service, Fuel or Heating System Repair by Ethnicity: U.S.



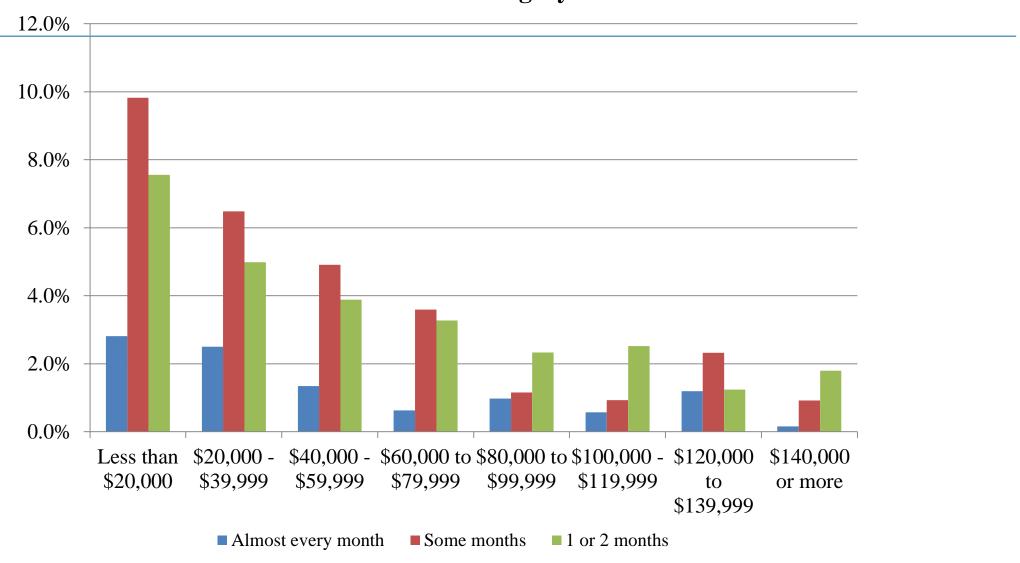
Frequency of Reducing or Forgoing Basic Necessities Due to Home Energy Bill by Household Income Category - U.S.



Frequency of Reducing or Forgoing Basic Necessities Due to Home Energy Bill by Race - U.S.



Frequency of Keeping Home at Unhealthy Temperature by Household Income Category: U.S.



Credit and Collection Data Points

- Number of residential accounts
- Total billed and receipts amounts
- Total number of "protected" accounts (e.g., for serious illness, elderly, disability)
- Number and dollar value of unpaid accounts 30-60 days after issuance of a bill
- Number and dollar value of unpaid accounts 60-90 days after issuance of a bill
- Number and dollar value of unpaid accounts 90+ days after issuance of a bill
- Number of accounts referred to collection agencies
- Number of new payment agreements
- Number of accounts sent notice of disconnection for non-payment, and number of service
- disconnections for non-payment
- Number of service restorations after disconnection for non-payment
- Number of customers completing an extended payment plan
- Average duration of service disconnection for restored accounts
- Number and dollar value of accounts written off as uncollectible



"Reversing Energy System Inequity: Urgency and Opportunity During the Clean Energy Transition"

Keys to Success: Engaging Your Legislature, Regulators, and Other State Partners

- Moderator
 - Dan Lauf, Energy Program Director, NGA
- Speakers:
 - Rick Bender, Executive Director, Kentucky Office of Energy Policy
 - Emma Cimino, former policy advisor to Connecticut Governor Dannel Malloy



Trivia Time!



Question 3:

Which state/territory observes only 2 national holidays?



Guam

 Guam Discovery Day is held on the first Monday in March. Liberation Day is on July 21st.





Question 4:

Which state/territory has no poison ivy or poison oak?



Alaska

 Alaska is the only state that does not have any poison ivy or poison oak. It also does not have any poisonous snakes!





Policy Deep Dive: The Benefits and Opportunities of Energy Efficiency

- Speaker:
 - Annie Gilleo, Senior Manager, State Policy, American Council for an Energy Efficient Economy



Energy Efficiency Opportunities Impactful Policies and Programs

Annie Gilleo Senior Manager, State Policy May 9, 2019





The American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy is a nonprofit 501(c)(3) founded in 1980. We act as a catalyst to advance energy efficiency policies, programs, technologies, investments, & behaviors.

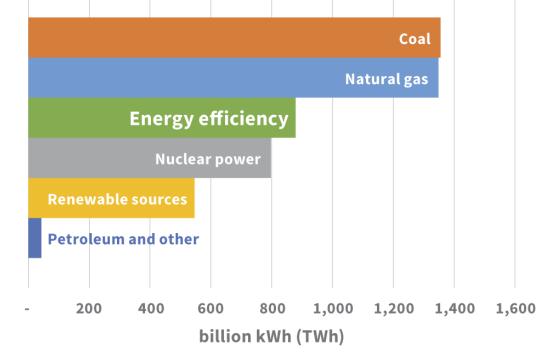
Our research explores economic impacts, financing options, behavior changes, program design, and utility planning, as well as US national, state, & local policy.

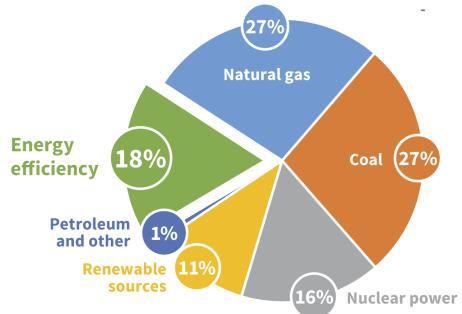
Our work is made possible by foundation funding, contracts, government grants, and conference revenue.

aceee.org @ACEEEdc



In the electricity sector, efficiency is now our 3rd largest resource





Source: ACEEE 2016. *Greatest Energy Story You Haven't Heard.*

http://aceee.org/research-report/u1604



MORE ENERGY EFFICIENCY = MORE CONSTRUCTION JOBS



More than 1 out of every 6 US construction workers spend 50% or more of their time on Energy Efficiency (18%)



Nearly 60% of energy efficiency's 2.25 million employees work in construction (1.27 million) **80%**

of energy efficiency construction businesses say employees spend a majority of time on energy efficiency—an increase from last year (74%)

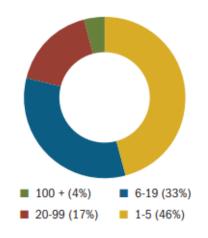
EE JOBS ACROSS THE COUNTRY

- // These jobs are local. 99.7% of U.S. counties have energy efficiency jobs
- // Energy efficiency now employs workers in more than 3,000 of America's 3,007 counties
- // More than 300,000 Americans living in rural areas work in energy efficiency
- // America's Top 25 metro areas employ 900,000 workers in energy efficiency
- // 35% of U.S. energy workers are involved in energy efficiency

GROWTH ACROSS AMERICA

There are 353,269 energy efficiency businesses in America

SMALL EE BUSINESS BY EMPLOYEE COUNT

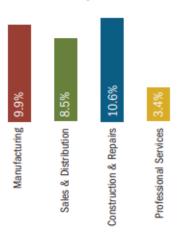


GROWTH FOR THE FUTURE

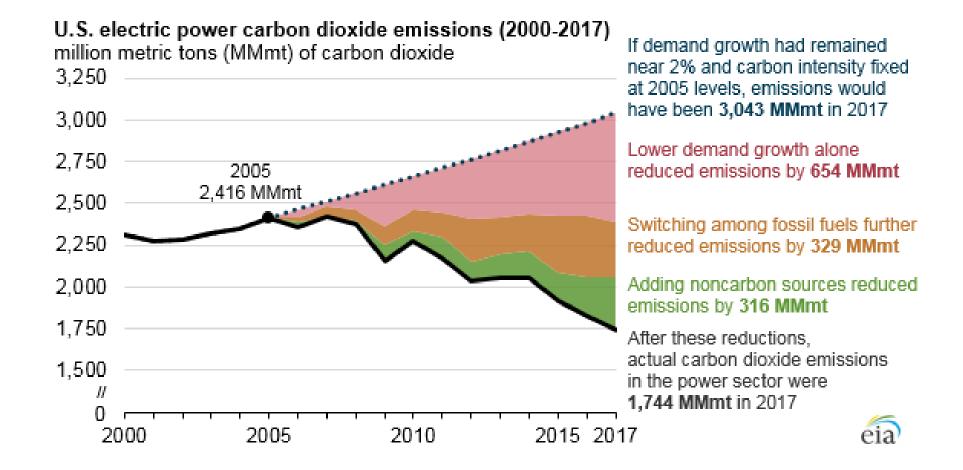
Energy efficiency businesses are projecting

9% growth in jobs

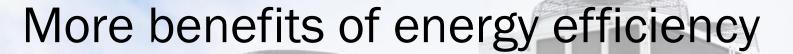
...and the job growth is expected across all major industries











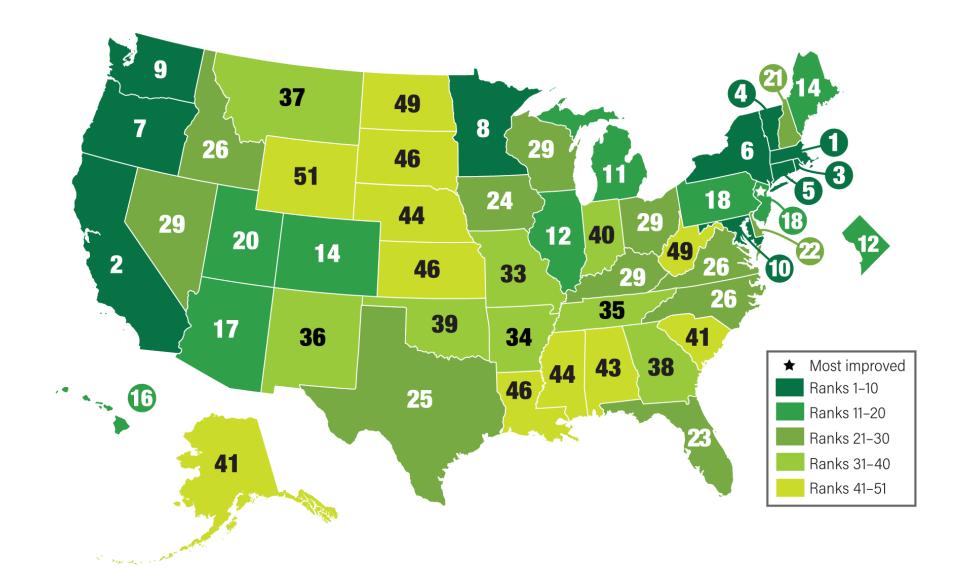
- Lowers energy bills for households and businesses
- Brings a return on investment of 200% or more
- Reduces energy burdens for those most in need
- Improves health, safety, and comfort
- Increases community and grid resilience



This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY-ND

State Leadership







Communicating a Vision

- √ State Energy Plan
- ✓ Cross-agency coordination





Energy Efficiency in the Utility Sector

- ✓ Set energy savings goals
- ✓ Promote regulatory reforms
 - ✓ Utility business model
 - ✓ Rate design
 - ✓ Data access
 - ✓ Long-range planning
 - ✓ Cost-effectiveness testing





Energy-efficient Transportation

- ✓ Strategies to accelerate adoption of zero emissions vehicles
- ✓ Complete Streets and land use planning
- ✓ Sustainable transit funding
- ✓ Targets for VMT and freight movement





Energy Efficiency in Buildings

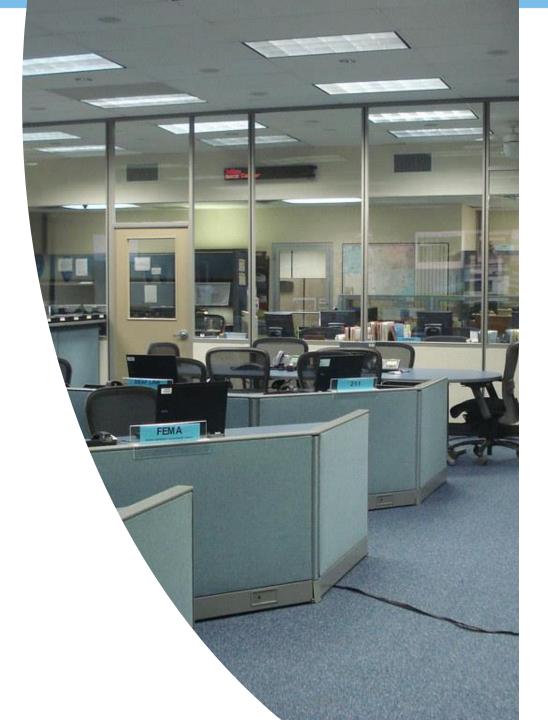
- ✓ Building energy codes
- ✓ Labeling and disclosure





Leading By Example

- ✓ Efficient state buildings
- ✓ Efficient fleets
- ✓ Focus on procurement, plug loads, and behavior





Efficient Appliances

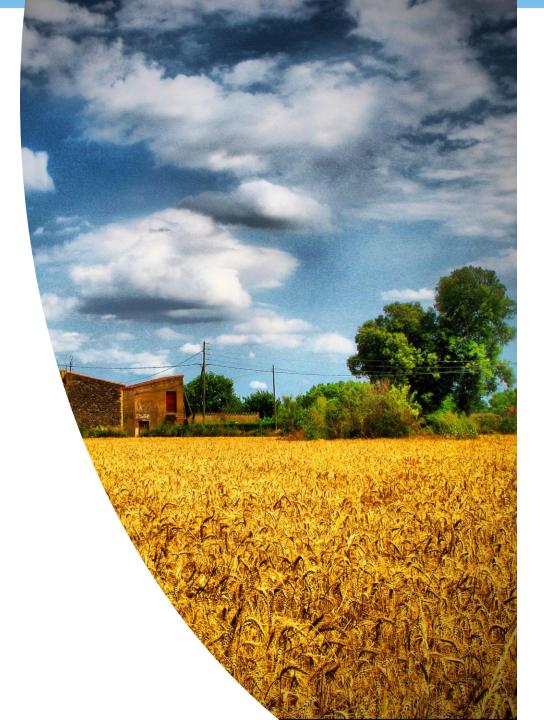
- ✓ Set new standards
- ✓ Protect national standards





Reaching Underserved Communities and Sectors

- ✓ Energy office programs
 - ✓ Rural communities
 - ✓ Industrial and manufacturing technical resources
- ✓ Coordinate assistance for lowincome households
- ✓ Scale financing options





ACEEE Resources

- State Policy Database
 - https://database.aceee.org/
- State Energy Efficiency Policy Toolkits
 - https://aceee.org/sector/state-policy/toolkit
- Governors Toolkit for Energy Efficiency
 - https://aceee.org/topic-brief/governors-ee-toolkit
- Technical Assistance for Policymakers





Annie Gilleo Senior Manager, State Policy

agilleo@aceee.org

(202) 507-4002













Flash Mentoring Session

- Mentors:
 - Sam Robinson, Deputy Chief of Staff, Pennsylvania Governor Tom Wolf
 - Rick Bender, Executive Director, Kentucky Office of Energy Policy
 - Emma Cimino, former policy advisor to Connecticut Governor Dannel Malloy



Working with Washington, Part 1: Tracking the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

- Speaker:
 - Richard Glick, Commissioner, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission



Trivia Time!



Question 5:

Which state/territory has the largest annual fireworks display?



Kentucky

 Thunder Over Louisville is the annual kick-off to the Kentucky Derby





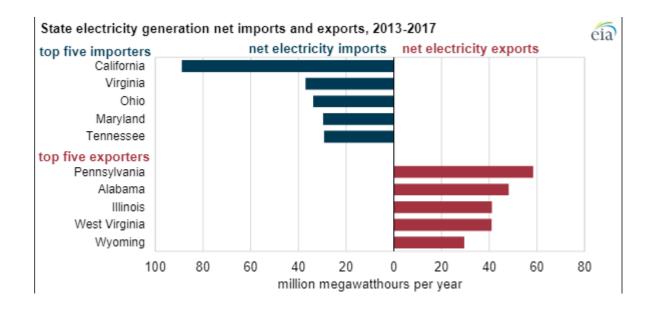
Question 6:

Which state/territory exports the most electricity?



Pennsylvania

According to EIA data,
 Pennsylvania exports the most electricity.





Working with State Partners: Energy Resources, Roles, and Responsibilities Across State Government

- Moderator
 - Dan Lauf, Energy Program Director, NGA
- Speakers:
 - David Terry, Executive Director, National Association of State Energy Officials
 - Danielle Sass Byrnett, Director, Center for Partnerships & Innovation, National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners
 - David Springe, Executive Director, National Association of State Utility Consumer Advocates
 - Glen Anderson, Energy Program Director, National Conference of State Legislatures





New Energy Policy Advisors Bootcamp

May 9 - 10, 2019

National Governors Association Center for Best Practices

WIFI

Network:

Password:

#WeTheStates



Welcome and Additional Resources

Jessica Rackley, Senior Policy Analyst, NGA

#WeTheStates

Energy, Environment & Transportation Division 2019 FOCUS AREAS



Power Sector Modernization

Energy Policy Institute

Grid Modernization Retreats

Global Energy Solutions Summit

Support for New Governors

Boot Camps and Webinars
Energy Advisors
Transportation Advisors
Water Advisors

Governors Guide to Energy Policy

Energy Efficiency

Lead By Example Workshop

Energy Efficiency Experts Roundtable

Energy Efficiency Roadmap for Governors

Resiliency

State Energy Risk Assessment & Planning Tool and State Resilience Retreats Grid Emergency Exercises

State/Utility Coordination Workshop Housing Resiliency Experts Roundtable

Technical Assistance on Demand

Research

Policy Memos

Consultations

Nuclear Weapons Waste

Federal Facilities Task Force Meeting

Intergovernmental Meeting

Governors Guide to Nuclear Weapons Waste Cleanup

Smarter States, Smarter Communities

Learning Lab

Roadmap

Policy Academy Kick Off

Transportation Modernization

Traffic Safety Learning Labs

Electric Vehicle (EV) Regional Workshops

Innovation Workshops

Transportation Policy Institute

Water Policy Learning Network

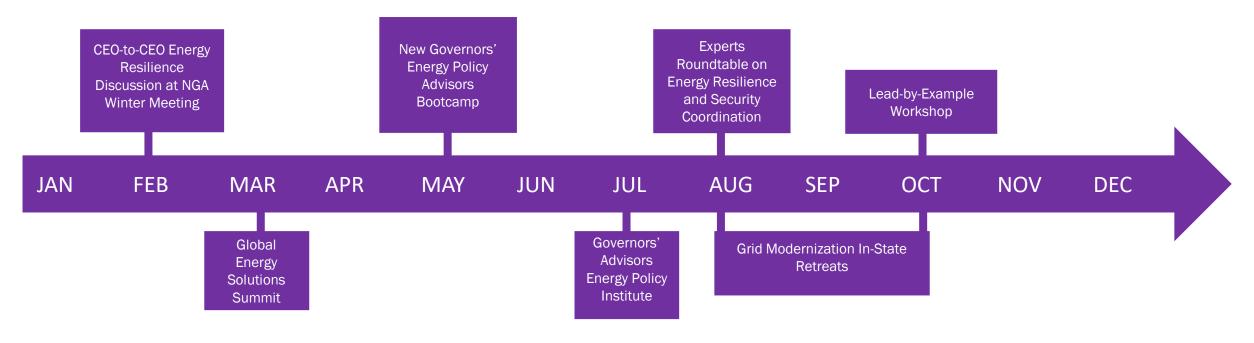
Water Policy Institute

Webinar Series

Delaware River Basin Retreats

2019 TIMELINE FOR NGA'S ENERGY POLICY LEARNING NETWORK

NGA's Energy Policy Learning Network is the premier energy policy resource for governors and their staff, focusing on a range of timely and relevant topics. Through the Network, governors' energy policy advisors have access to NGA resources, expertise, and consultations. They also have opportunities to convene, network, and share best practices with peers and experts.



GLOBAL ENERGY SOLUTIONS SUMMIT (MARCH)

NGA co-hosted the Global Energy Solutions Summit with the Embassies of Australia, Canada, and Denmark; it focused on three technology areas – offshore wind, energy storage, and carbon capture, utilization and storage. The Summit was held on March 28-29, 2019, in Washington, D.C., and paired examples of advancing these technologies in the U.S. and internationally.

ENERGY POLICY INSTITUTE (JULY)

The Annual Energy Policy Institute gathers state officials for peer-to-peer exchanges, strategy sessions, and discussions with national thought-leaders on a diverse set of energy policy issues. Topics discuss span the range of energy policy topics, addressing financing, regulation, planning, and innovation.

LEAD BY EXAMPLE WORKSHOP (OCTOBER)

NGA's Lead-by-Example (LBE) workshop (Oct. 2019) will help states better tap into opportunities to reduce energy consumption and expenses in public buildings. Topics covered will include innovative financing and models to incentivize greater state agency participation.



IN-STATE RETREATS



MULTI-STATE CONVENINGS



WRITTEN POLICY BRIEFS



QUARTERLY WEBINAR SERIES



ON-DEMAND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

Upcoming Events

Power Sector Modernization

Grid Modernization In-State Retreats (Fall 2019)

Energy Efficiency

Lead by Example Financing Workshop (October 2019)

Energy Security and Resilience

- Energy Security and Resilience Coordination Experts Roundtable (August 2019)
- Critical Infrastructure Cybersecurity Initiative (Ongoing)



Upcoming Resources

Power Sector Modernization

- Global Energy Solutions Summit Summary (May 2019)
- Transportation Electrification Summary Takeaways (Summer 2019)
- Clean Energy Toolkit (Summer 2019)
- Smarter States Smarter Communities Roadmap (Summer 2019)

Energy Efficiency

Energy Efficiency Primer for Governors (Summer 2019)

Energy Security and Resilience

- State Electricity Cybersecurity White Paper (Spring 2019)
- Energy Security and Resilience Coordination White Paper (Summer 2019)
- State Resilience Assessment and Planning Tool (late 2019)
- Grid Outage Exercise Support (e.g., DOE Clear Path, NERC GridEx)



On-Demand Technical Assistance

On-Demand State Technical Assistance

As-needed; quick turnaround

Direct Consultations

Remote or in-person

Quarterly Webinars

On a variety of topics; suggestions welcome!



Join us in St. Paul, MN for our Annual Energy Policy Institute, July 18th and 19th





Working with Washington, Part 2: Resources and Partnerships at the U.S. Department of Energy

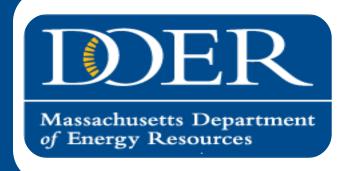
- Moderator:
 - Sue Gander, Division Director, NGA
- Speakers:
 - Adrienne Lotto, Acting Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary, Office of Cybersecurity, Energy Security, and Emergency Response, U.S. Department of Energy
 - Katie Jereza, Deputy Assistant Secretary, Transmission Permitting & Technical Assistance, Office of Electricity, U.S. Department of Energy
 - Alex Fitzsimmons, Chief of Staff, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, U.S. Department of Energy
 - Mark Planning, Director, Intergovernmental & External Affairs, U.S. Department of Energy



Policy Deep Dive: Preparing for and Responding to Energy Emergencies

- Moderator:
 - Dan Lauf, Energy Program Director, NGA
- Speakers:
 - Art House, Chief Cybersecurity Risk Officer, State of Connecticut
 - Paul Holloway, Emergency Planning & Energy Analyst,
 Massachusetts Department of Energy Resources





National Governors Association Preparing for and Responding to Emergencies

Paul Holloway
Emergency Planning & Energy Analyst
Massachusetts Department of Energy Resources

Defining Resilience

 Presidential Policy Directive 21-- Critical Infrastructure Security defines "resilience" as

'the ability to prepare for and adapt to changing conditions and withstand and recover rapidly from disruptions. Resilience includes the ability to withstand and recover from deliberate attacks, accidents, or naturally occurring threats or incidents'

- Resilience is not 100% provision of service 100% of the time
 - Resilience is instead a time varying description of the level of service provided following a disruptive event

Figure 2.2
Different Systems Will Have Different Resilience to the Same Disruption

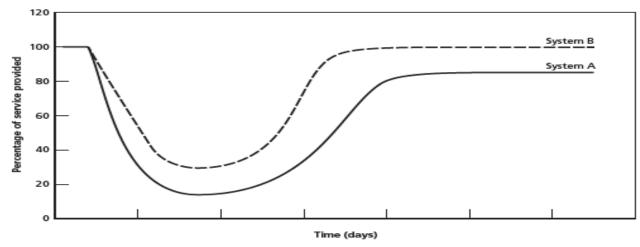


Figure 2.2 from RAND Study RR883

Measuring the Resilience of Energy Distribution Systems



Value in Planning for Emergencies

- Minimize impacts
- Provide specific strategies/menu of options for coordinating actions to manage the disruption
- Details roles & responsibilities for key government & industry stakeholders
- Structure for information sharing

- Flexible to supports a wide-range of incidents
- Process as Important as Product:
 - Understand supply chain
 - Energy Use
 - Key assets /infrastructure
 - Industry and govt. contacts
 - actionable checklists
- Informs investments
- Inspires Public Confidence



The MA Energy Assurance Plan Structure

I. Energy Profile

- Energy Use and Expenditures by sector
- Energy Supplies
- Key energy resources, infrastructure, distribution system

II. Vulnerability and Risk Assessment

- Vulnerabilities/Risk to energy infrastructure
- Interdependencies
- Critical Assets/Supply
- Consequences

III. Emergency Response Management Plan

- Energy emergency strategies/implementation procedures
- Industry/State Actions
- Legal Authorities
- Roles/Responsibilities of industry stakeholders in response/recovery

IV. New & Emerging Tech

 Smart-grid, renewables, biofuels, micro-grids, CHP



Vulnerability and Risk Assessment

Natural Hazards	Deliberate Acts	Technological Hazards
Severe Winter Storm/Nor'easter	Cyber Incident	Infrastructure Failure
Inland Flooding		
Coastal Flooding	Terrorism	
Other Severe Weather	1011011011	
Hurricane/Tropical Storm	Civil Unrest	Nuclear Power Plant Event
Coastal Erosion		Hazard Material Accident/Spills
Tornado		Major Air Crash
Extreme Temperatures		Dam Failure
Invasive Species		
Earthquake		
Wildfire		
Drought	Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear (CBRN) Incident	
Landslide		
Tsunami		
Public Health Emergency		

Massachusetts Department of Energy Resources

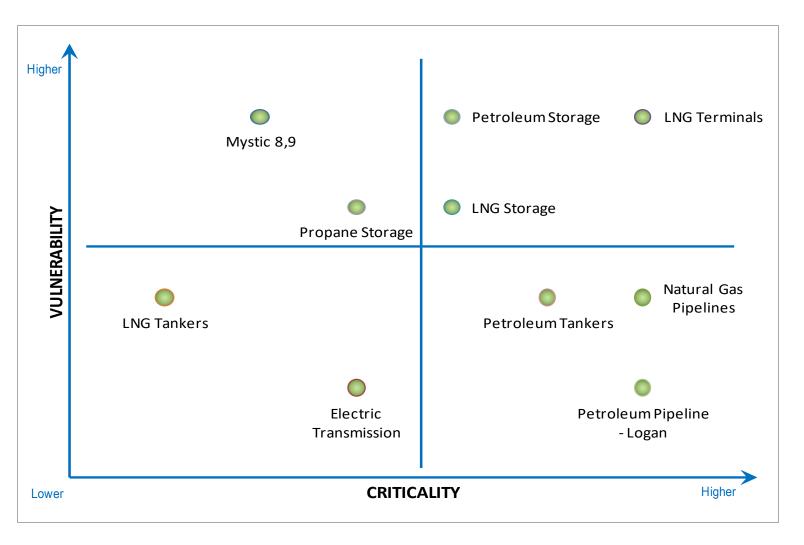
Critical Energy Infrastructure

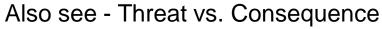
Sector	Subsector	Critical Asset
Electricity	Generation	Mystic 8 & 9
	Transmission	Hydro Quebec HVDC and NSTAR 345 kV
Natural Gas	Pipelines	Algonquin and Tennessee Interstate Pipelines
Liquefied Natural Gas	Terminals	Distrigas Everett Terminal
	Satellite Facilities	Storage and Liquefaction
Petroleum	Terminals	High percentage (~ 70-80%) of terminal storage capacity in Boston harbor Three terminals upstream of Chelsea Creek Bridge Most Springfield terminals served by common pipeline
	Pipeline	Energy Transfer Partners jet fuel line to Logan Airport
Propane	Primary and secondary storage	Primary day storage in Selkirk, NY

Massachusetts - Critical Assets by Sector and Subsector



Vulnerability & Criticality by Sector







Important to Know . . .

- Authorities and Responsibilities
 - > Ex. Civil Defense Act, MGL 25A
 - Utility Regulators vs Energy Office vs EMA vs Industry
- Energy Supply Characteristics
 - Commodity (bought & sold at margins)
 - Changing market dynamics; renewables, just-in-time delivery, less on-site stored fuels
 - > Retirements (Coal, Oil, Nuclear)
 - ➤ More Single Source Dependent = More Risk



Available Tools

- Pre-Winter PreparednessMtg
- Hurricane Season WGs
- Prioritize resiliency and renewables and diverse sources of energy
- Maintain plans & contacts

- Driver Hour Waivers
- Emission Waivers
- Prioritize Delivered Fuels
- Voluntary & Mandatory Conservation
- Interruptible Gas
- Support to Industry



State Energy Context

Resilience

Methods to improve reliability and resilience at the end of a supply chain

1. Action Plan

- ✓ Identify hazards, plan enduring strategies and acute responses
- ✓ Massachusetts Hazard Mitigation & Climate Adaptation Plan

2. Reduce consumption and reliance

- ✓ Massachusetts ranked #1 in efficiency 8 consecutive years
- ✓ Distributed generation programs to incent generation co-located with load

3. Harden load to impact of disruption

√ \$40M Energy Resilience Initiative & Municipal Vulnerability Preparedness

4. Diverse & redundant supplies (prevent single-points-of-failure)

✓ 2016 Energy Diversification Bill; procure off-shore wind and hydroelectric resources

5. Harden supply chain

✓ Grid Modernization docket for Utilities to automatically resection the distribution system to mitigate the impacts of outages



Massachusetts Policies Supporting Energy Resiliency (1 of 2)

- Collaboration with Municipalities
 - Green Communities program provides technical assistance and grants
 - Municipal Vulnerability Preparedness (MVP) program provides technical assistance and grants
- Collaboration across State Agencies
- Leading by Example
 - Leading By Example Division energy resilience grants
 - Division of Capital Asset Management Resiliency Initiative
- Energy Efficiency Incentives
 - MA ranked #1 in Energy Efficiency by ACEEE 8 years in a row



Massachusetts Policies Supporting Energy Resiliency (2 of 2)

- Distributed Generation Incentives
 - New SMART solar program incents pairing energy storage with solar
 - SMART program provides additional incentive for public consumers of solar energy
 - CHP and Fuel Cells incentivized through the Alternative Portfolio Standard (APS)
 - Also incents renewable thermal (solar thermal, air source heat pumps, ground source heat pumps, biofuels
 - Demonstration grants: \$20M Energy Storage Initiative,
 \$40M Clean Energy Resiliency (CHP for critical facilities)



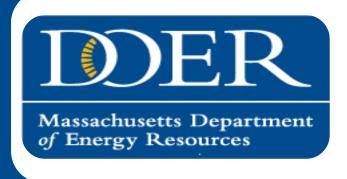


Other Resources

- Agency Plans/SOPs
- Hour Of Service (HOS) Waiver Guidance for Industry
- Continuity of Operations Plan (COOP)
- Industry ERP Plans (Power Utility and Gas LDCs)
- ISO/RTO Procedures
- Subject Matter Expertise

- State CEMP (ConOps)
- ESF-12 Annex (Energy)
- State Petroleum Fuel Coordination Plans
- Hazard Mitigation/
 Climate Adaptation Plan
- 2018 Comprehensive Energy Plan
- 2017 Energy Storage Initiative
- 2020 Clean Energy & Climate Plan





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Trivia Time!



Question 7:

 Which state/territory claims to be the birthplace of the ice/cream sundae?



Wisconsin

• In 1881, in the town of Two Rivers, George Hallauer asked Edward C. Berners, the owner of Berners' Soda Fountain to drizzle chocolate syrup over ice cream. Berners wound up selling the treat for a nickel, originally only on Sundays.





Question 8:

 Which state/territory requires cars to drive on the left side of the road?



U.S. Virgin Islands





Policy Deep Dive: Electrifying the Transportation Sector

- Speaker:
 - Kathy Kinsey, Senior Manager, State Policy, American Council for an Energy Efficient Economy





About NESCAUM

 An association of the air pollution control agencies of the states of CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, RI and VT formed in 1967

 Serves as a technical and policy advisor on air quality, climate and clean transportation issues and facilitator of multi-state coordinated action

 Significant focus on transportation electrification

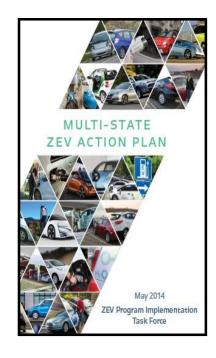


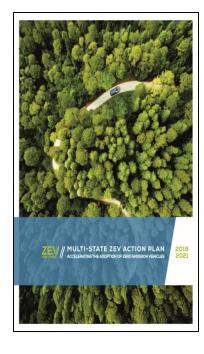
ME.

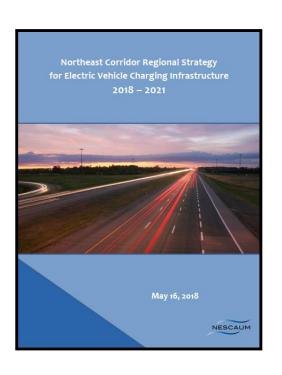
NY

Multi-State Initiatives









2013 Governors MOU

2014 ZEV Action Plan

ZEV Action Plan 2018 – 2019

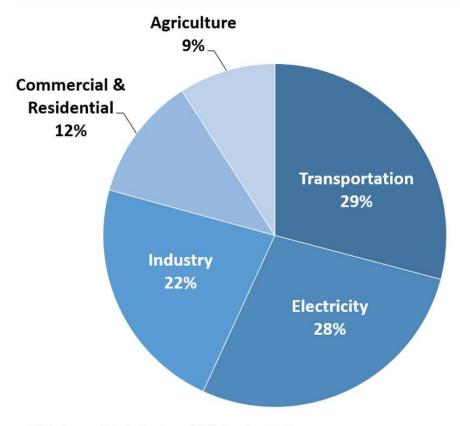
2018 Regional Infrastructure Plan



TRANSPORTATION SECTOR EMISSIONS

- Account for nearly 30% of GHG emissions
- Single largest source of GHG emissions
- 60% attributable to passenger cars and light-duty trucks
- The only sector in which GHG emissions are increasing due to increasing VMT
- A major contributor to smog-forming pollutants, particulate matter and toxic air pollutants

Sources of Greenhouse Gas Emissions in 2017

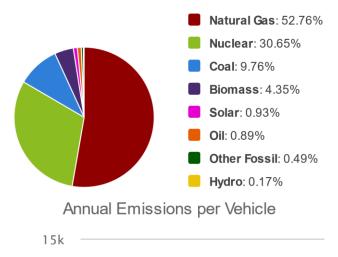


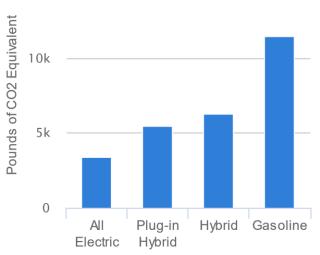
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (2019). Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990-2017



Virginia

Electricity Sources





A Key Climate and Air Quality Strategy

- EVs two-thirds more energy efficient than gasoline and diesel powered cars
- Even with coal-fired generation, EVs produce one-third lower GHG emissions
- With managed charging, EVs facilitate grid integration of more wind and solar energy sources
- Zero tailpipe emissions means improved air quality

ource: https://afdc.energy.gov/vehicles/electric_emissions.html

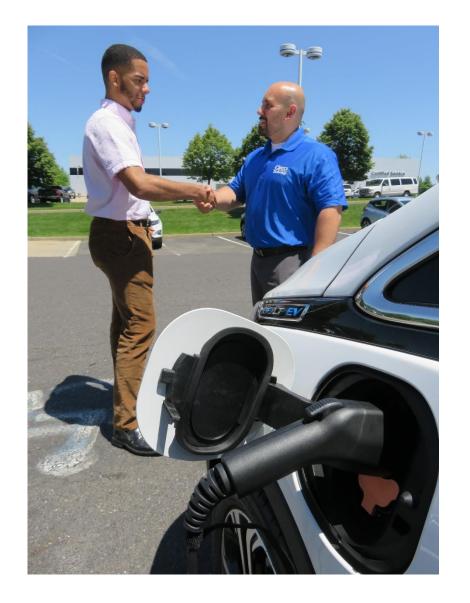




Consumer Benefits

- Significant fuel savings
- On average eGallon cost of electricity is \$1.13 – roughly half the cost of a gallon of regular gas
- Lower maintenance costs
- Convenience of home charging
- Performance quiet, smooth and fun to drive
- HOV lane access





Primary Barriers to Mainstream Consumer EV Adoption

- Higher purchase price
- Lack of charging infrastructure
- Lack of awareness and understanding
- Dealership engagement





The Path Forward: Challenges and Opportunities









Purchase Incentives

- Consumer surveys demonstrate that incentives are often a determinative factor in the decision to purchase an EV – particularly for more affordable models
- Point-of-sale rebates that provide "cash on the hood" are the most effective approach
- A sustainable source of funding for incentives is needed to provide consumers and automakers with certainty
- Consider increasing incentives for lowincome consumers and expanding to used EVs



Significant New Sources of Infrastructure Funding

While other investments by OEMs, EVSE providers, businesses and workplaces are expected and needed, there are three major current sources of infrastructure funding:

APPENDIX D FUNDS

Under the VW settlement, the states may invest up to 15% on ZEV charging and hydrogen fueling infrastructure.



Pursuant to the VW settlement, Electrify America representing an is investing \$2 billion to promote ZEVs, which will include substantial infrastructure investments in states across the the states.

UTILITY **PROPOSALS**

Utility proposals investment of more than \$1 billion are approved or pending in country.



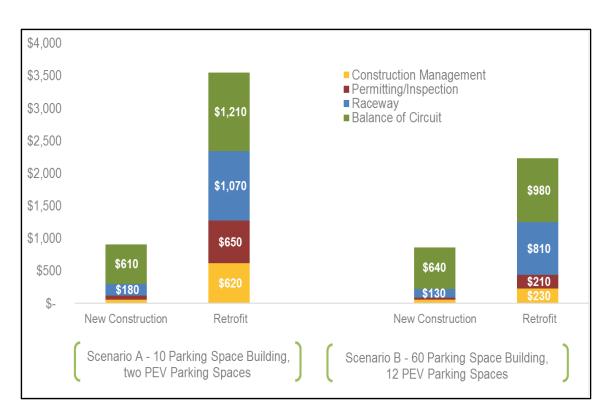


THE BENEFITS OF UTILITY INVESTMENT

- Electric vehicles are a new source of needed load
- Properly managed EV charging will facilitate integration of renewable sources of energy and achieve grid operational efficiencies
- Puts downward pressure on electricity rates for all ratepayers



EV-READY BUILDING CODE STANDARDS



Relative Cost per PEV Charging Space of PEV Charging Infrastructure in New Construction vs. Retrofits (2016 dollars)

Source: *Plug-In Electric Vehicle Infrastructure Cost-Effectiveness Report for San Francisco*, November 17, 2016, accessible at http://evchargingpros.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/04/City-of-SF-PEV-Infrastructure-Cost-Effectiveness-Report-2016.pdf

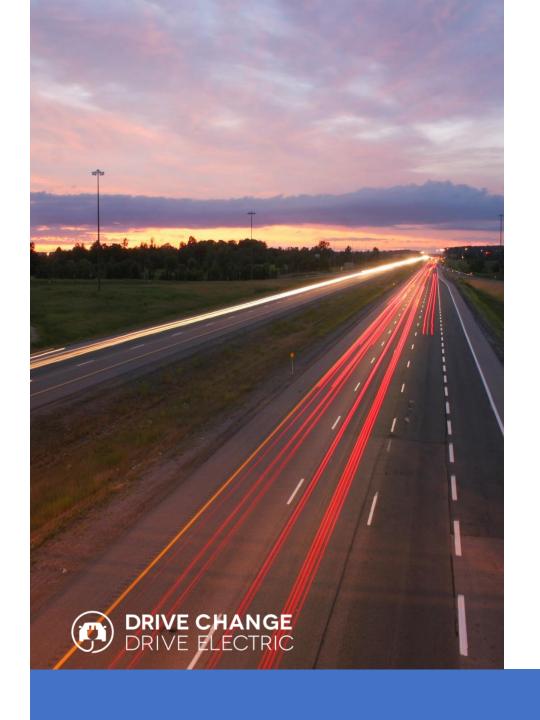




Less than half of Americans are able to name a specific EV model and make Two-thirds of consumers surveyed in 21 U.S. cities had basic misunderstandings about the characteristics of EVs

Less than 35%
of California
households
were aware of EV
purchase
incentives





DRIVE CHANGE. DRIVE ELECTRIC.

- A joint state/industry funded brand-neutral multi-media educational campaign focused on the Northeast
- Launched in 2018
- Three target audiences
- Working to attract new funding partners







GOVERNMENT LEAD-BY-EXAMPLE INITIATIVES

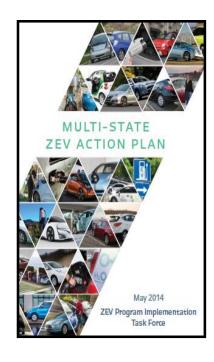
ELECTRIFY PUBLIC SECTOR FLEETS

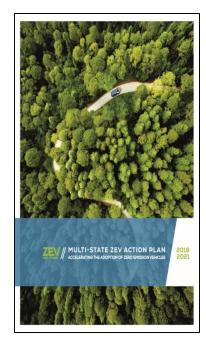
- Set light-duty fleet electrification targets
- Implement vehicle procurement policies that promote acquisition of EVs using a TCO analysis
- Make government EVs visible to the public using decals or special license plates
- Set targets for electrification of transit buses
- Provide workplace charging for government employees
- Develop award/recognition programs for leading agencies and private sector businesses

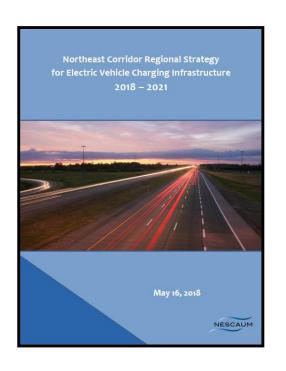


Multi-State Initiatives









2013 Governors MOU 2014 ZEV Action Plan 2018 Updated ZEV Action Plan

2018 Regional Infrastructure Plan

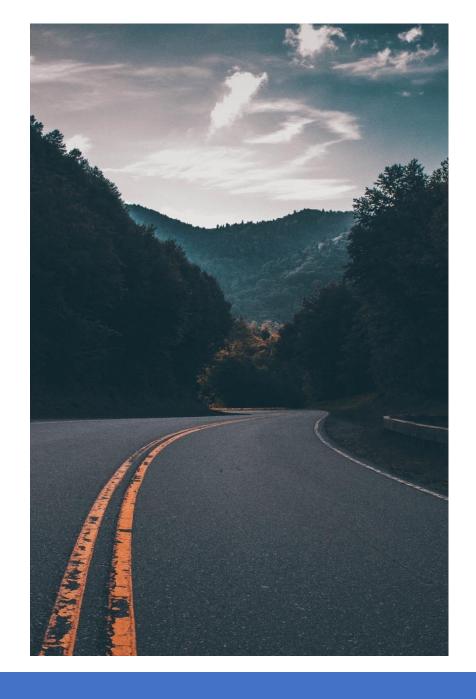


RECAP

What State Policy Makers Can Do to Accelerate EV Adoption

- Adopt financial and non-financial incentives for vehicles and infrastructure
- Leverage state VW Appendix D funds for EVs and charging/fueling infrastructure
- Support utility investment in charging infrastructure, consumer outreach programs, and innovative pilot demonstration projects
- Invest in consumer outreach initiatives
- Adopt EV-ready building codes and MUD right-to-charge laws
- Electrify government fleets and transit buses by setting fleet and bus electrification targets and updating procurement policies
- Provide workplace charging for government employees and recognition programs for leading agencies and private sector businesses
- Collaborate with other states and local governments





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Bootcamp Wrap-Up

Dan Lauf, National Governors Association

#WeTheStates

Wrap-up Questions

- During this last session, state participants will be asked to answer the following three questions:
- 1. What did you hear over the last two days that resonated?
- 2. What are your top priorities and what do you hope to accomplish in your first year?
- 3. How can NGA support you in your role?



New Energy Policy Advisors Bootcamp

May 9 - 10, 2019

National Governors Association Center for Best Practices

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